



# **EFFECT OF SUPERPLASTICISERS WITH DIFFERENT COMPOSITIONS ON RHEOLOGICAL PROPERTIES**

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# TYPES OF SUPERPLASTICIZERS

- SUPERPLASTICIZER A  
(Naphthalene Formaldehyde Condensate)
- SUPERPLASTICIZER B  
(Sulphonated Melamine Formaldehyde Condensate)
- SUPERPLASTICIZER C  
(Aqueous De Policarboxilato)
- SUPERPLASTICIZER D  
(Aqueous Solution of Ligno Sulphonate)

# Properties of super plasticizer A

|                               |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| <b>Composition</b>            | <b>Naphthalene<br/>Formaldehyde Condensate</b>            |
| <b>Specific gravity</b>       | <b>1.2-1.5</b>  |
| <b>Chloride content</b>       | <b>Nil</b>  |
| <b>Additional air content</b> | <b>1% at normal dosage</b>                                |
| <b>Solid content</b>          | <b>40%-42%</b>  |
| <b>Compatibility</b>          | <b>all types of cement except<br/>high alumina cement</b> |
| <b>Operating temperature</b>  | <b>10° c to 40° c</b>                                     |

# Properties of super plasticizer B

| <b>Composition</b>                | <b>Sulphonated Melamine</b>            |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| <b>Ph(concentrate)</b>            | <b>Formaldehyde Condensate<br/>~10</b> |
| <b>Boiling point/range (°c)</b>   | <b>&gt;100</b>                         |
| <b>Flash point (closed °c)</b>    | <b>none</b>                            |
| <b>Auto flammability(°c)</b>      | <b>not applicable</b>                  |
| <b>Explosive property(%)</b>      | <b>not applicable</b>                  |
| <b>Oxidizing property</b>         | <b>not determined</b>                  |
| <b>Solid content</b>              | <b>38%-40%</b>                         |
| <b>Vapor pressure(kPa @ 20°c)</b> | <b>2.13</b>                            |
| <b>Relative density(at 20°c)</b>  | <b>1.10(water)</b>                     |
| <b>Water solubility</b>           | <b>miscible</b>                        |

# Properties of super plasticizer C

| <b>Composition</b>                | <b>Aqueous De Policarboxilato</b> |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Ph(concentrate)</b>            | <b>6.5</b>                        |
| <b>Boiling point/range (°c)</b>   | <b>&gt;100</b>                    |
| <b>Flash point (closed °c)</b>    | <b>none</b>                       |
| <b>Auto flammability(°c)</b>      | <b>not applicable</b>             |
| <b>Explosive property(%)</b>      | <b>not applicable</b>             |
| <b>Oxidizing property</b>         | <b>not determined</b>             |
| <b>Solid content</b>              | <b>42%-45%</b>                    |
| <b>Vapor pressure(kPa @ 20°c)</b> | <b>not determined</b>             |
| <b>Relative density(at 20°c)</b>  | <b>1.075(water)</b>               |
| <b>Water solubility</b>           | <b>soluble</b>                    |

# Properties of super plasticizer C

| <b>Composition</b>                | <b>Aqueous Solution Of Ligno Sulphonate</b> |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Ph(concentrate)</b>            | <b>4.5-5</b>                                |
| <b>Boiling point/range (°c)</b>   | <b>&gt;100</b>                              |
| <b>Flash point (closed °c)</b>    | <b>none</b>                                 |
| <b>Auto flammability(°c)</b>      | <b>not applicable</b>                       |
| <b>Explosive property(%)</b>      | <b>not applicable</b>                       |
| <b>Oxidizing property</b>         | <b>not determined</b>                       |
| <b>Solid content</b>              | <b>36%-38%</b>                              |
| <b>Vapor pressure(kPa @ 20°c)</b> | <b>2.3</b>                                  |
| <b>Relative density(at 20°c)</b>  | <b>1.19(water)</b>                          |
| <b>Water solubility</b>           | <b>soluble</b>                              |

# TESTS CONDUCTED

- Marsh cone test
- Mini slump test
- Flow table test

# MARSH CONE TEST

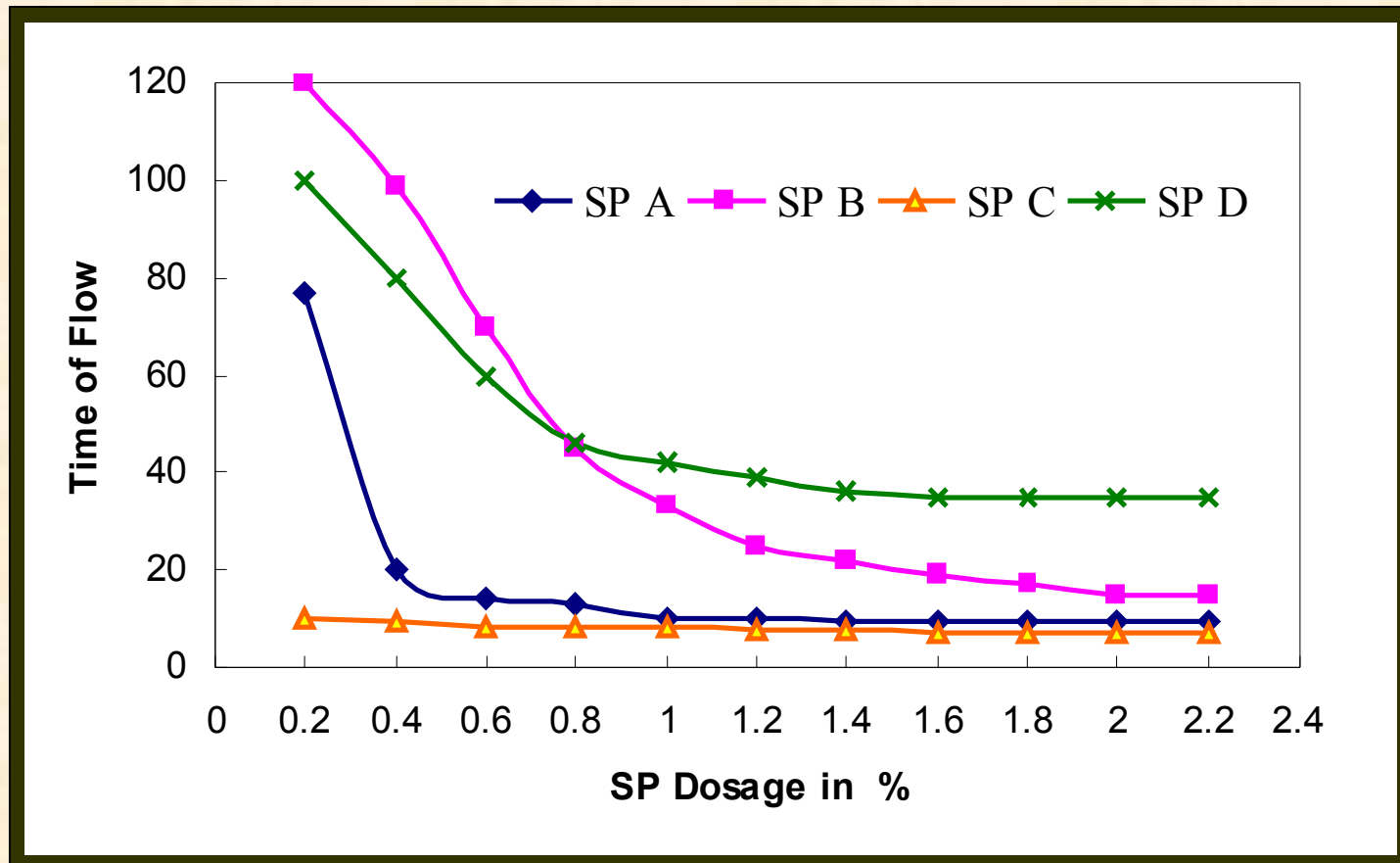




# Marsh cone efflux time ( seconds)

| S. NO. | Dosage % by weight of cement | Dosage quantity in ml | SP A | SP B | SP C | SP D |
|--------|------------------------------|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|
| 1      | 0.2                          | 2                     | 77   | 120  | 10   | 100  |
| 2      | 0.4                          | 4                     | 20   | 99   | 9.47 | 80   |
| 3      | 0.6                          | 6                     | 14   | 70   | 8.57 | 60   |
| 4      | 0.8                          | 8                     | 13   | 45   | 8.35 | 46   |
| 5      | 1.0                          | 10                    | 10   | 33   | 8    | 42   |
| 6      | 1.2                          | 12                    | 9.97 | 25   | 7.59 | 39   |
| 7      | 1.4                          | 14                    | 9.49 | 22   | 7.53 | 36   |
| 8      | 1.6                          | 16                    | 9.4  | 19   | 7.28 | 35   |
| 9      | 1.8                          | 18                    | 9.4  | 17   | 7.2  | 35   |
| 10     | 2.0                          | 20                    | 9.4  | 15   | 7.2  | 35   |
| 11     | 2.2                          | 22                    | 9.4  | 15   | 7.2  | 35   |

# MARSH CONE TEST RESULTS



# FLOW TABLE TEST



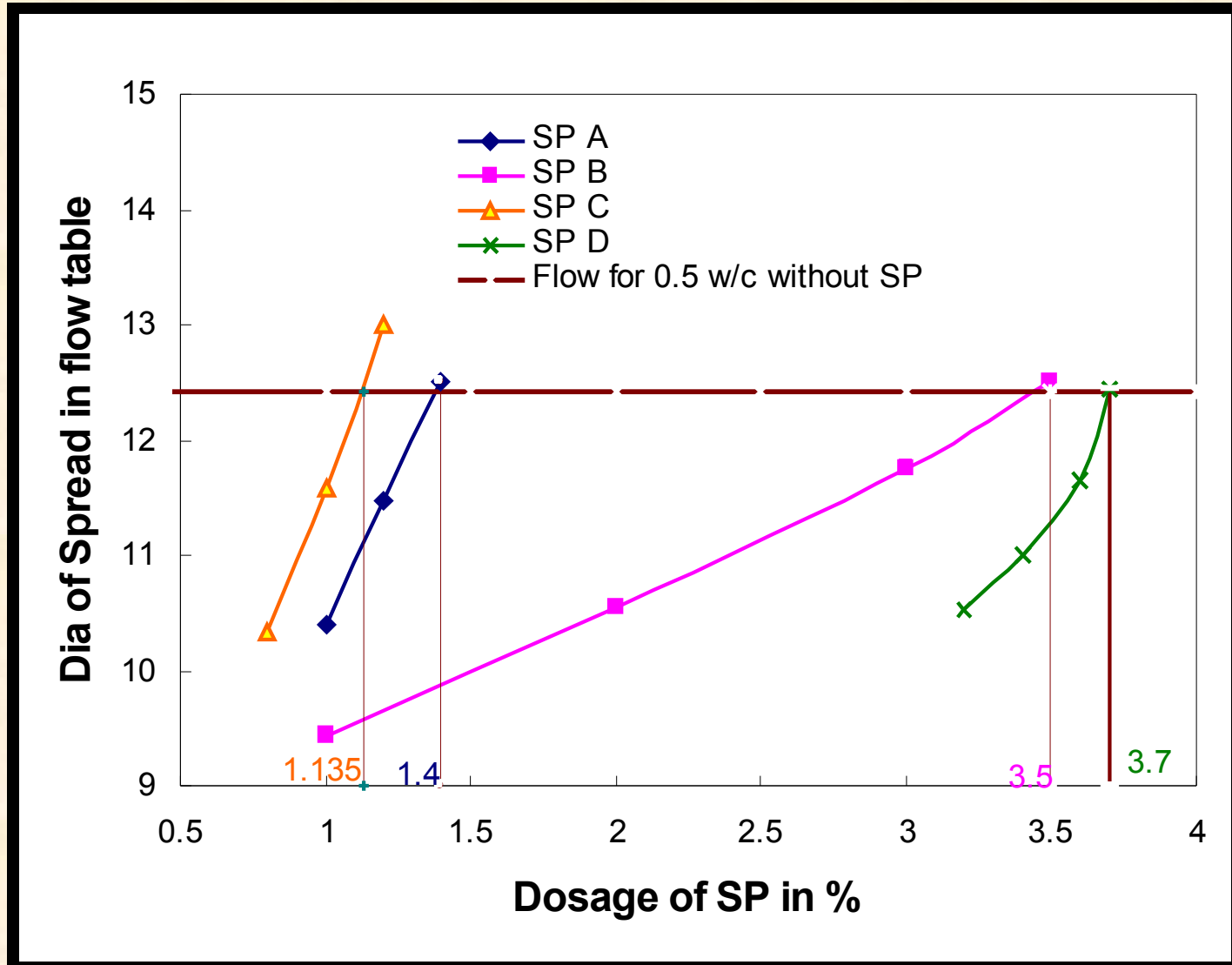
Flow table test is used to determine the flowability of a material. It is a standard test for determining the flowability of a material. The test is performed by pouring a known amount of material into a flow table and measuring the time it takes for the material to flow through a hole. The flowability is then determined by the time it takes for the material to flow through the hole.

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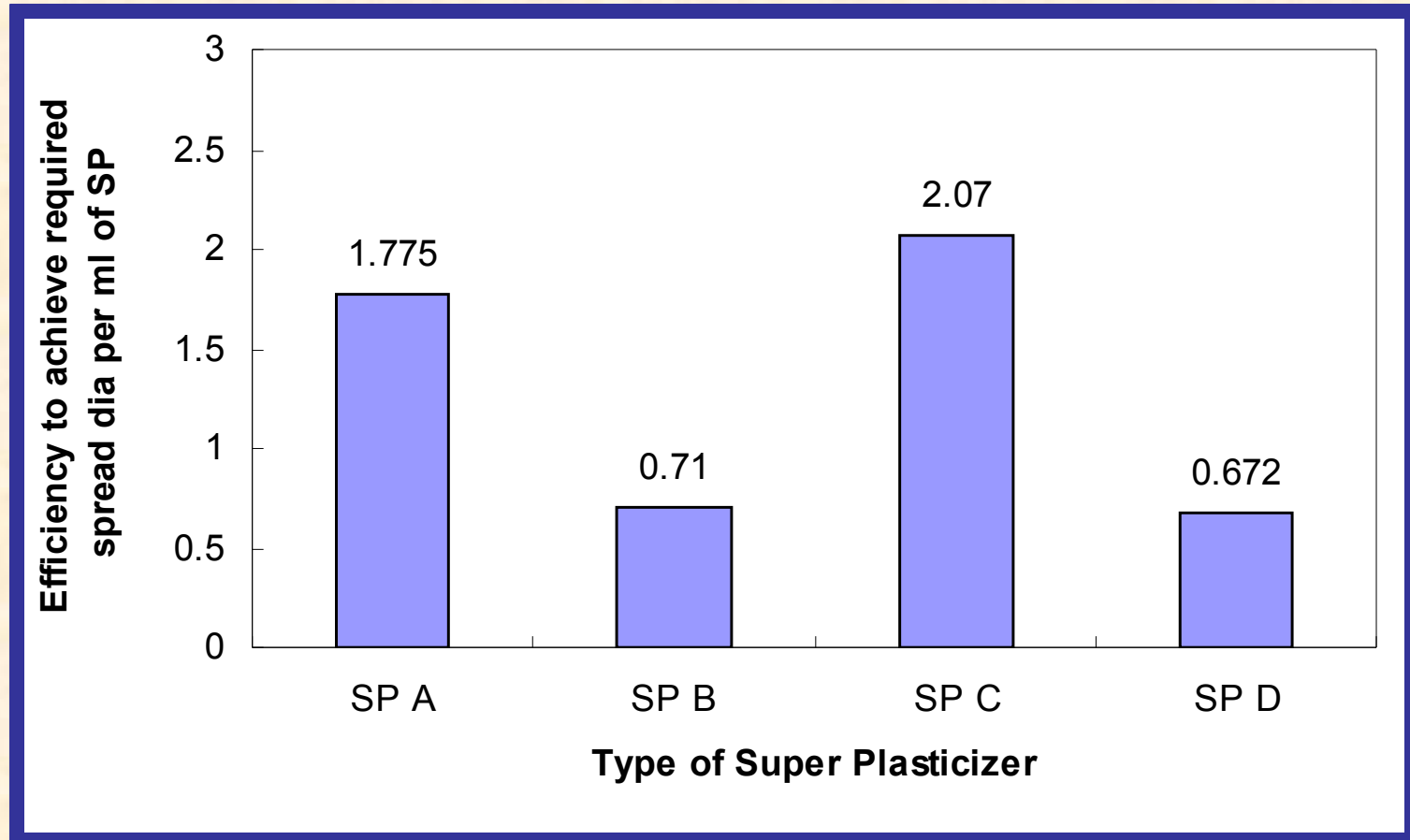
# FLOW TABLE RESULTS

| w/c ratio | SP Dosage in % | Average spread diameter of mortar in cm |        |        |        |
|-----------|----------------|---|--------|--------|--------|
|           |                | A                                       | B      | C      | D      |
| 0.5       | 0              | 12.425                                  | 12.425 | 12.425 | 12.425 |
| 0.4       | 0.8            | NF                                      | NF     | 10.34  | NF     |
| 0.4       | 1.0            | 10.400                                  | 9.43   | 11.57  | NF     |
| 0.4       | 1.2            | 11.475                                  | 9.43   | 13.00  | NF     |
|           | 1.4            | 12.500                                  | 9.43   |        | NF     |
|           | 2.0            |   | 10.55  |        | NF     |
|           | 3.0            |   | 11.75  |        | NF     |
|           | 3.2            |   | 11.75  |        | 10.53  |
|           | 3.4            |   | 11.75  |        | 11.00  |
|           | 3.5            |   | 12.50  |        | 11.00  |
|           | 3.6            |   |        |        | 11.65  |
|           | 3.7            |   |        |        | 12.45  |

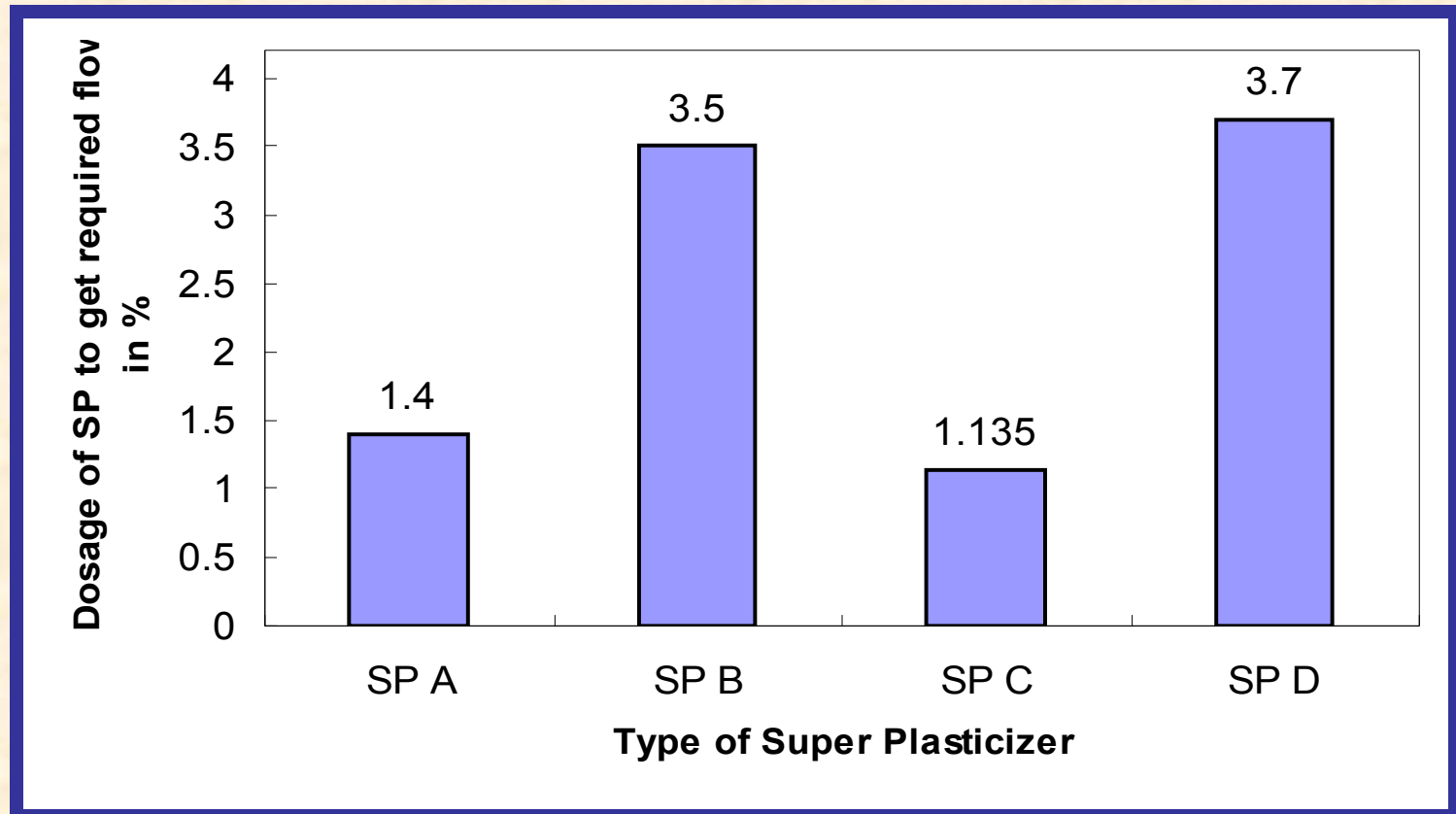
# Determination of Efficiency of SP for cement mortar by flow table test



# Efficiency to achieve equivalent dia of spread in mm for 1ml of SP



# Comparison of efficiency of different types of SP by Flow Table Test



# Slump Value of Different types of Super Plasticizer

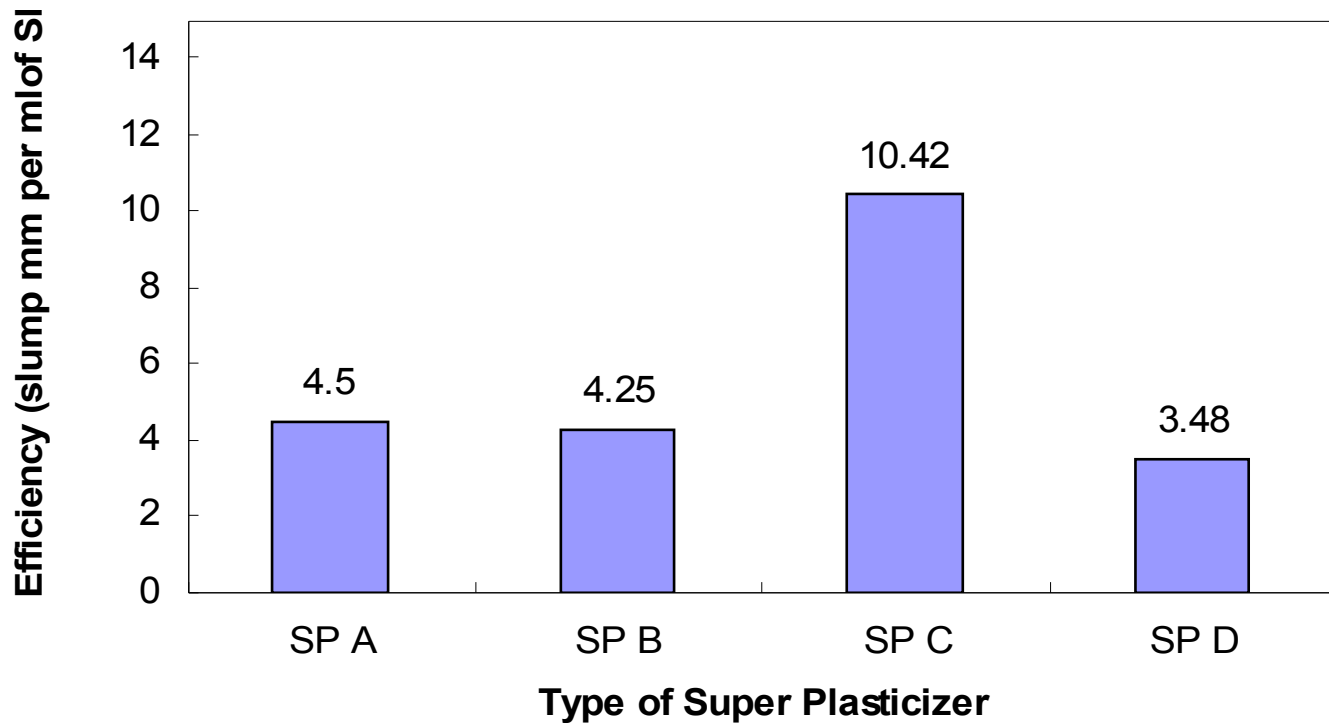




# FLOW RATE IN SLUMP

| S. No | Type of SP | Dosage in ml | Slump mm | Time sec | Flow rate mm/sec | Efficiency mm / ml of SP |
|-------|------------|--------------|----------|----------|------------------|--------------------------|
| 1     | A          | 24           | 107      | 27       | 3.96             | 4.50<br>(II)             |
| 2     | B          | 40           | 170      | 59       | 2.88             | 4.25<br>(III)            |
| 3     | C          | 12           | 125      | 30       | 4.17             | 10.42<br>(I)             |
| 4     | D          | 40           | 139      | 40.6     | 3.42             | 3.48<br>(IV)             |

# Efficiency to achieve slump in mm for 1ml of SP



# Compressive Strength Test Results

| S. No | Type of SP | Compressive strength after 7 days curing in N/mm <sup>2</sup> | Efficiency at 7 days Strength in MPa /ml of SP | Compressive strength after 28 days curing in N/mm <sup>2</sup> | Efficiency at 28 days Strength in MPa /ml of SP |
|-------|------------|---|--|--|---|
| 1     | No SP      | 19.77   | -  | 28.24  | -   |
| 2     | A          | 23.33   | 1  | 34.80  | 1.450   |
| 3     | B          | 21.77   | 0.54   | 32.50  | 0.813   |
| 4     | C          | 27.77   | 2.31   | 41.45  | 3.450   |
| 5     | D          | nil   | -  | 20.00  | 0.500   |

# COST COMPARISON

| Identification | Product            | Base                       | Rate (Rs.)        |
|----------------|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| SP A           | Conplast<br>SP 430 | Sulphonated<br>Naphthalene | 90.00 /<br>Litre  |
| SP B           | Conplast<br>M1     | Melamine                   | 110.00 /<br>Litre |
| SP C           | Structuro<br>100   | Poly<br>Carboxilato        | 170.00 /<br>Litre |
| SP D           | Conplast<br>P211   | Ligno<br>Sulphonate        | 60.00 /<br>Litre  |

# CONCLUSION

- Type C SP i.e., De PoliCarboxilato based SP is very compatible with cement and the efficiency with respect to workability and strength is high when compared to other types.
- Type A gives better results and its efficiency is higher than that of type B and type D super plasticizers



THANK YOU

