



Rheology of Building Materials, Workshop

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Circular construction – Effect of recycled mineral powders on rheological properties of cementitious materials

02.03.2023

OTH-Regensburg, Regensburg, Germany Schleibinger Geräte Teubert u. Greim GmbH, Buchbach, Germany



Materials

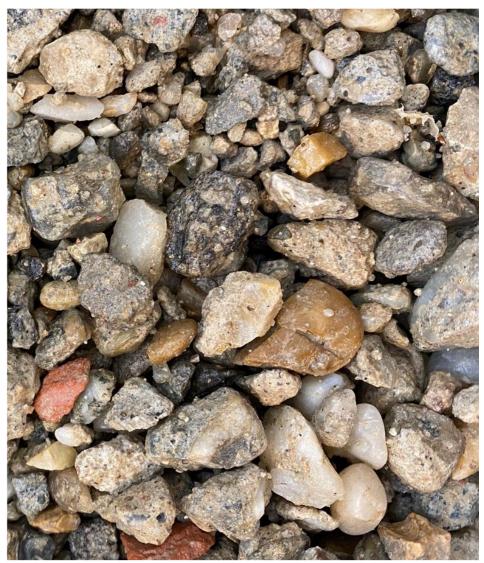
Recycled Concrete Aggregates (RC) in combination with natural Aggregates

RC: - Water Uptake 7.32 %

- Water suction: 2.2 M.-%

- Grading Curve 2/16





Materials

Mixture compositions



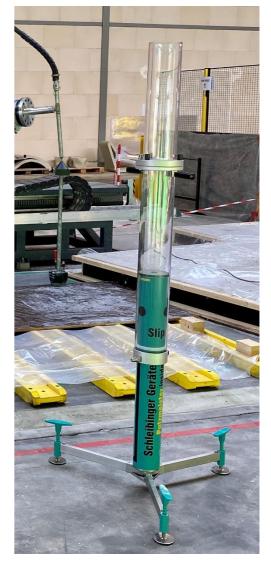
	Grain 0/4, kg	Grain 4/8, kg	Grain 8/16, kg	Recycled grain 2/16, kg	Limestone powder, kg	Cement, kg	Water, w/z = 0.44, I	PCE, 1,7 % bwc, g	Suction water, g
Mix 1, reference	23,020	11,510	11,816	-	3,951	13,500	5,940	229,5	-
Mix 2 with 40 % recycled material	13,812	6,906	7,090	16,456	3,951	13,500	5,940	229,5	411,4

Measurement equipment

- Flow cone test for concrete
- Mobile rheometer for fresh mortar and concrete, eBT-V
- SLIding PipE Rheometer, SLIPER







Mobile rheometer, eBT-V

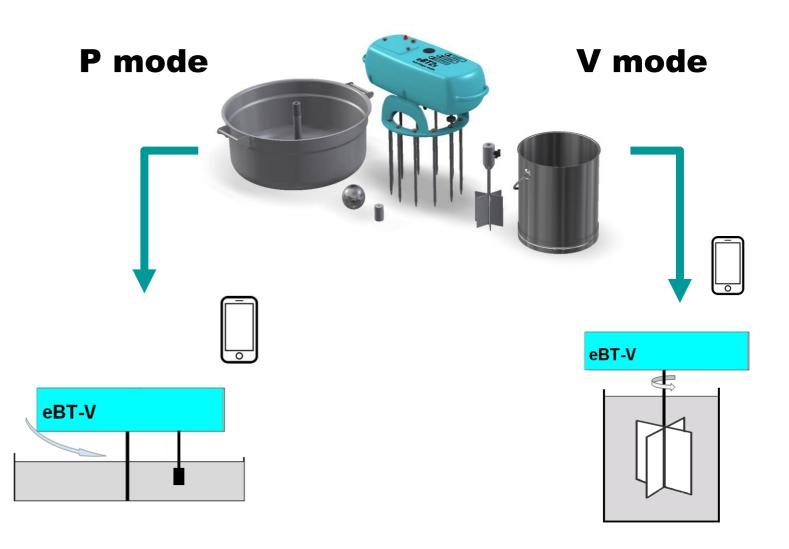
P mode:

> SCC, zerro-slump concrete...

V mode:

> SCC, HPC, UHPC...





Mobile rheometer, eBT-V

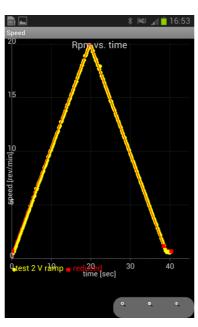
Max. particle size: up to 32 mm

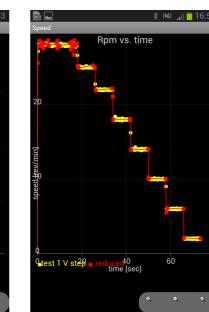
Sample volume: approx. 15L / 20 L / 40 L

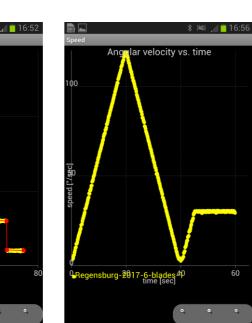
Torque: 0 ... 10 Nm

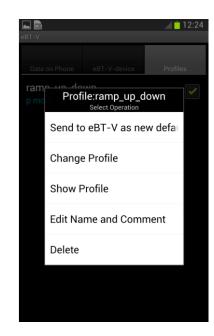
Rotational velocity: 0,001 ... 40 rpm











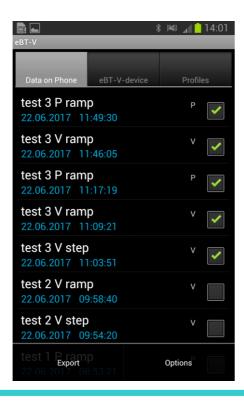


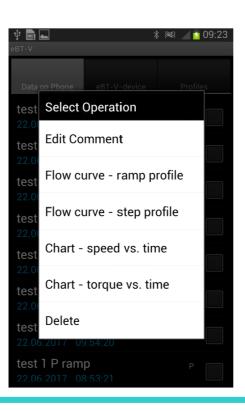
- ramp profiles
- step profiles
- constant speed profiles
- combined ramp and step profiles

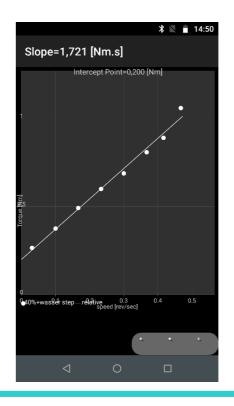
Mobile rheometer, eBT-V

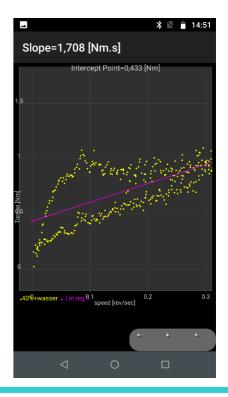
Measuring results on the phone:

- > data display
- comparison of the results
- flow curve analysis (simply way)
- > data export









- > economic factors
 - ✓ reduced material consumption
 - ✓ reduced costs

- > mobile device
- > sample volume approx. 7 L
- > correlation to the pumping conditions on site
- > use in the laboratory and the construction site

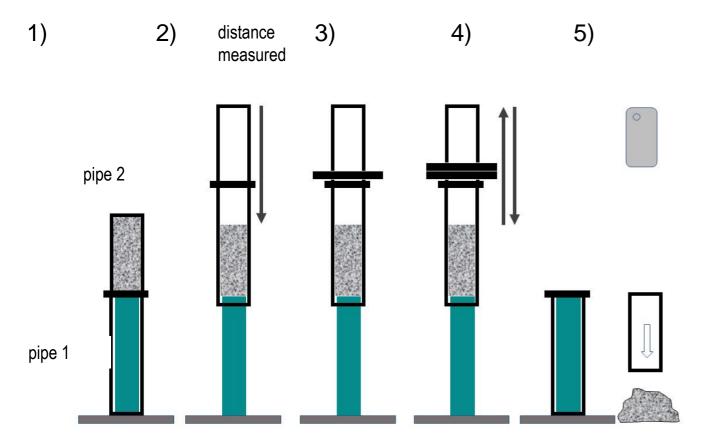


 K.J. Kasten, Gleitrohr-Rheometer: Ein Verfahren zur Bestimmung der Fließeigenschaften von Dickstoffen in Rohrleitungen, Dissertation, Dresden, 2010



Principle of operation:

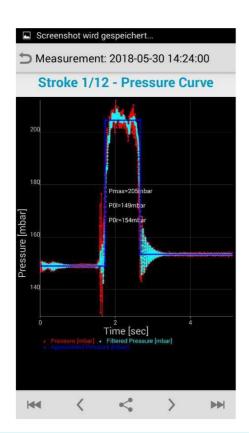
The measurement consists of several strokes. With each stroke, different speeds and pressures are achieved by adding additional weights.

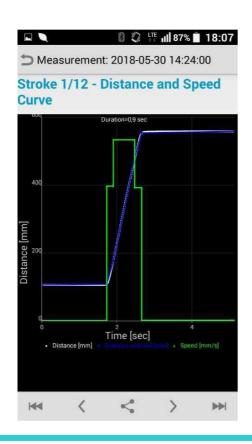


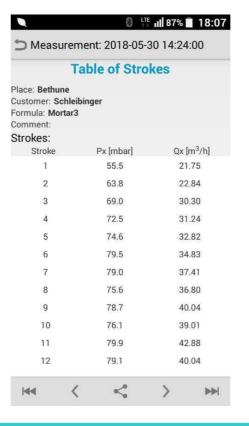
- 1) The device is assembled and filled with material
- 2) Pipes are lifted to the top and released to slide down
- 3) Pipes are weighted with additional weight and are released to slide down
- 4) more weight added...
- 5) At the end of testing, material is removed from the pipe
- 6) Cleaning the device
- During the testing, all measured data are transferred to the mobile.

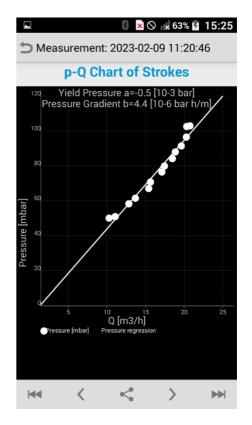
Mobile app:

- Measurement of pressure and speed for each stroke
- Calculation of relative parameters for yield stress (A) and for viscosity (B)



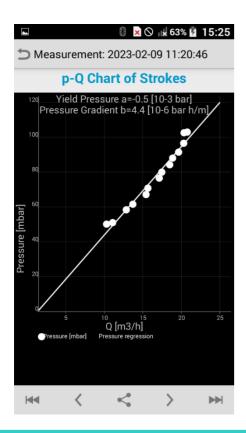


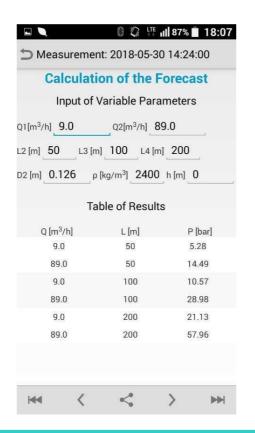


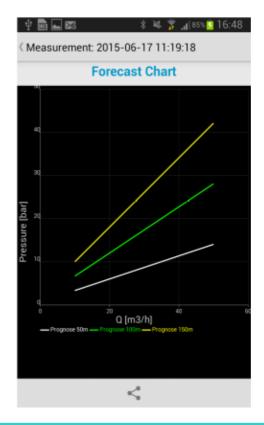


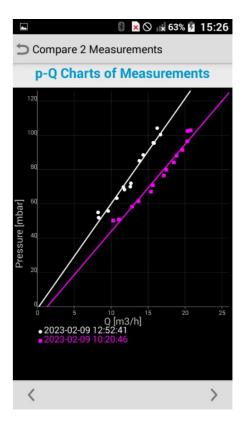
Mobile app:

- Input of the pipeline parameters (length, diameter, height)
- Forecast: calculation of pressure needed for the pumping of the mixture measured:









Measuring...







Measuring...



Flow cone test:

Mix	Flow cone flow time, sec.	Flow cone flow diameter, cm
Mix 1, reference	4	72
Mix 2 with 40% recycled material	4	73

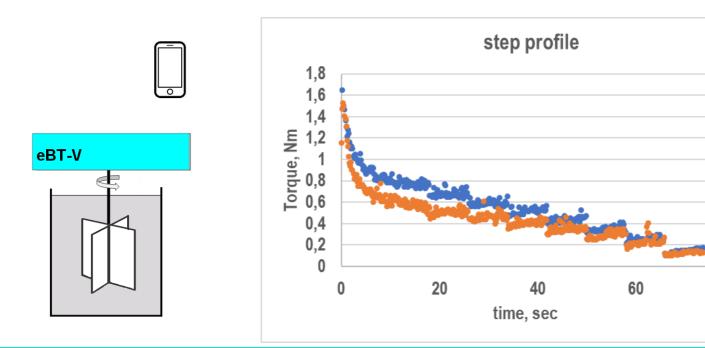
→ Mixtures are comparable!

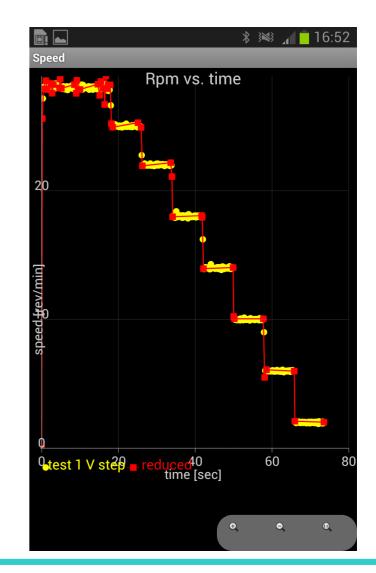


Rheological parameters with eBT-V

V mode, step profile:

- pre-shearing at 28 rpm for 18 sec.
- additional 7 steps down with 8 sec. duration each
- total measuring time 74 seconds



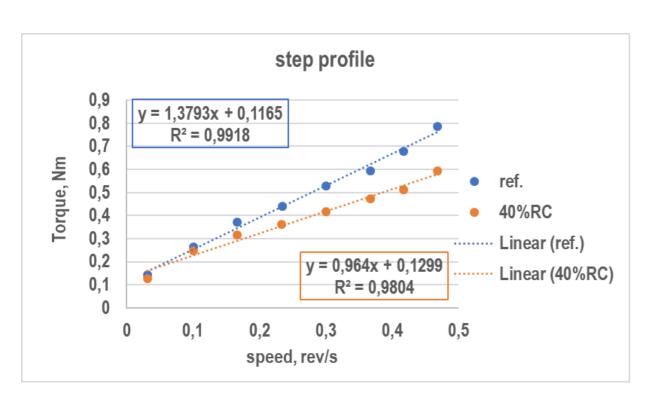


ref.

40%RC

Rheological parameters with eBT-V

V mode, step profile



Reiner-Riwlin equation:	$ au_0 = rac{\left(rac{1}{R_{ m i}^2} - rac{1}{R_{ m o}^2} ight)}{4\pi h \ln\left(rac{R_{ m o}}{R_{ m i}} ight)}G$	and	$\mu = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{R_{\rm i}^2} - \frac{1}{R_{\rm o}^2}\right)}{8\pi^2 h} H$
	$4\pi h \ln\left(\frac{R_0}{R_i}\right)$		8π ⁻ n

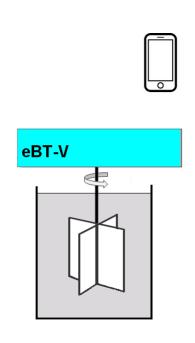
	rel. values		Calc. values accord. Reiner-Riwlin	
Mix	Rel. Viscosity, H [Nms]	Rel. Yield stress, G [Nm]	Calc. Viscosity [Pas]	Calc. Yield stress [Pa]
Mix 1, reference	1,38	0,12	53	33
Mix 2 with 40% recycled material	0,96	0,13	37	36

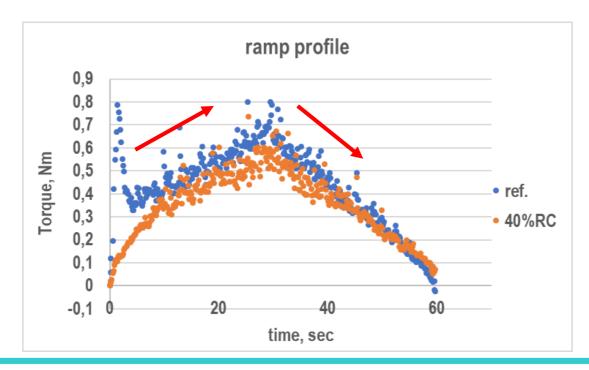
→ different viscosities

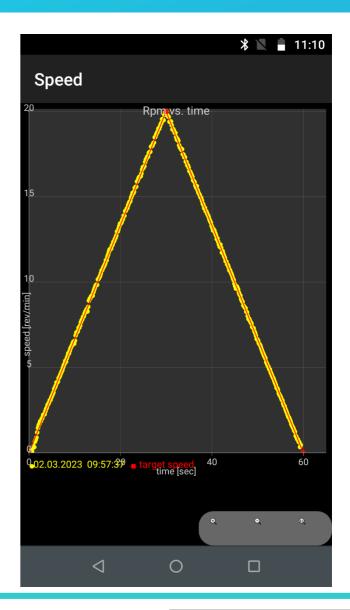
Rheological parameters with eBT-V

V mode, ramp profile:

- no pre-shearing
- continuous speed increase from 0rpm to 20rpm for 30 sec.
- continuous speed decrease from 20rpm to 0rpm for add. 30 sec.

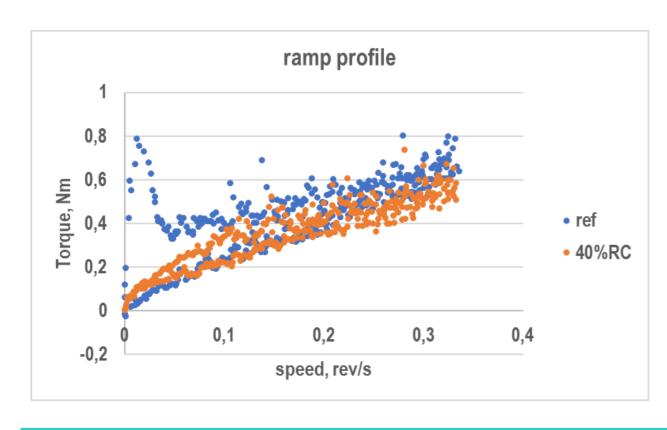


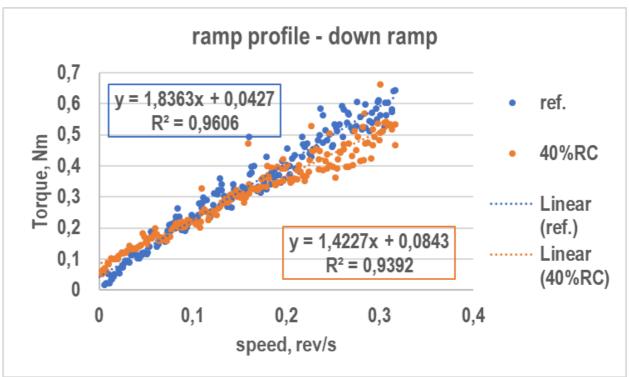




Rheological parameters with eBT-V

V mode, ramp profile

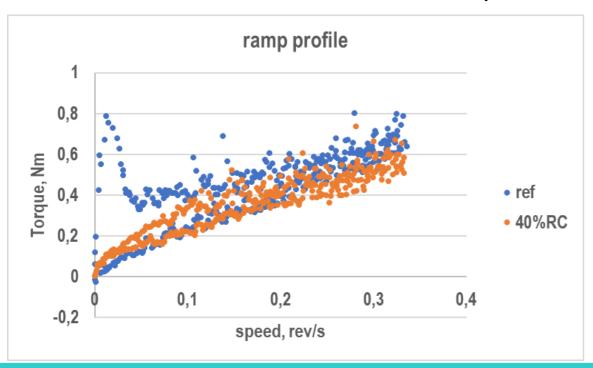




Rheological parameters with eBT-V

V mode, ramp profile:

- → No equilibrium reached
- → Different results compared to step profile but same tendency!

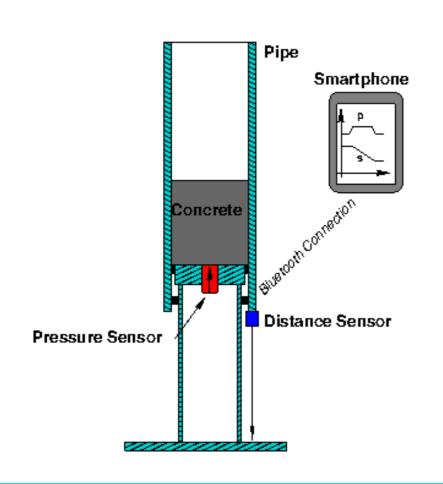


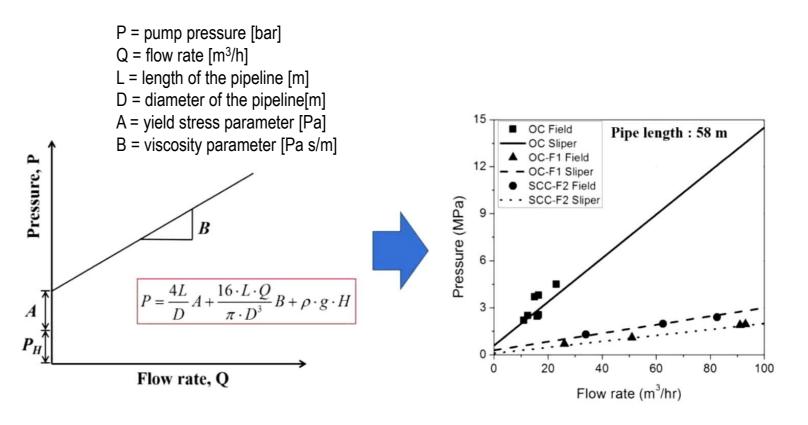
	A _{thix}	rel. values		Calc. values accord. Reiner-Riwlin	
Mix		Rel. Viscosity, H [Nms]	Rel. Yield stress, G [Nm]	Calc. Viscosity [Pas]	Calc. Yield stress [Pa]
Mix 1, reference	0,8	1,84	0,04	70	12
Mix 2 with 40% recycled material	-	1,42	0,08	54	23

- → Additional information: reference material shows thixotropy
- → viscosity (and yield stress) not comparable
 - → Different rheological behaviors!



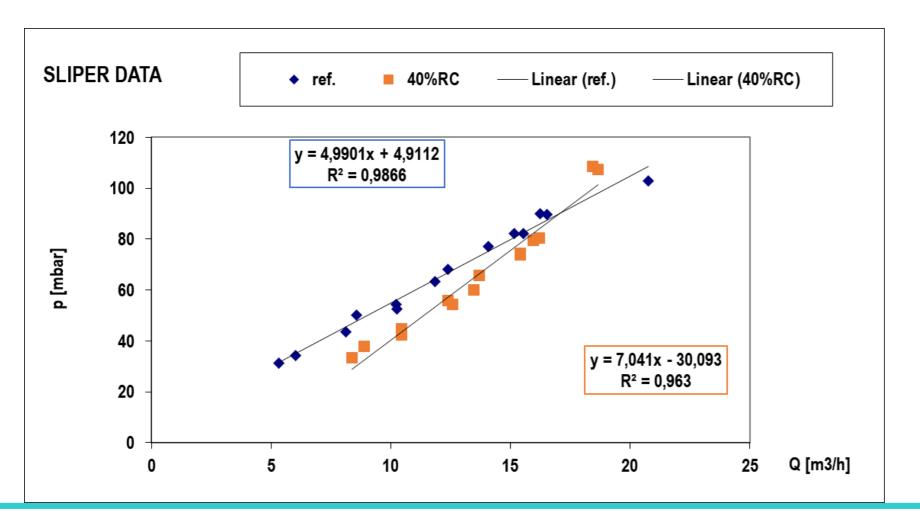
Pumpability with SLIPER – calculation basis





- K.J. Kasten, Gleitrohr-Rheometer: Ein Verfahren zur Bestimmung der Fließeigenschaften von Dickstoffen in Rohrleitungen, Dissertation, Dresden, 2010
- V. Mechtcherine et al., Testing pumpability of concrete using Sliding Pipe Rheometer, Constr. Build. Mater. 53, 2014

Pumpability with SLIPER - results



→ Different behaviors of the mixtures in regards to the pumping procedure!

Pumpability with SLIPER

Calculated delivery pressure for 100 m pipe with 125 mm diameter:



	Pump requirement / delivery pressure in bar for 100m pipe with 125 mm diameter			
	desired flow rate			
Mix design	15 m3/h	50 m3/h		
Mix 1, reference	16,3	52		
Mix 2 with 40% recycled material	15,6	66		

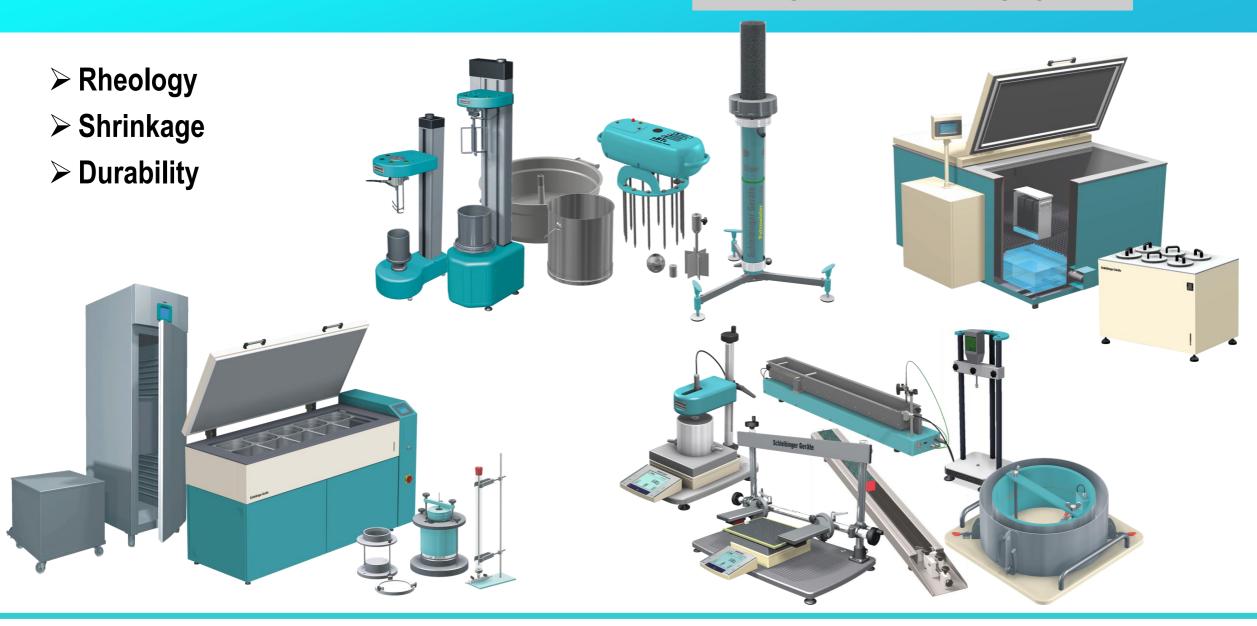
Measuring results - conclusion

- ➤ Investigation of the rheological parameters of the reference mixture 1 and the mixture 2 where 40 % of the aggragates were replaced by recycled mineral material
- Water amount of the mixture 2 was adoped to the adsorption behavior of the recycled material
- Measuring result of flow cone: both mixtures are comparable
- Measuring results from eBT-V rheometer:
 - > different rheological behaviours of mixture 1 and mixture 2: mixtures are not comparable
 - Measuring results are dependent on measuring setup
 - Pre-shearing
 - > Equilibrium
 - Measurement duration
- Measuring results from SLIPER:
 - > Different behaviours of the mixtures in regards to the pumping procedure
 - Mixtures are not comparable!
- Investigation of rheological parameters using Abrams cone or flow cone or similar is not always sufficient!

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Thank you for your attention!

