

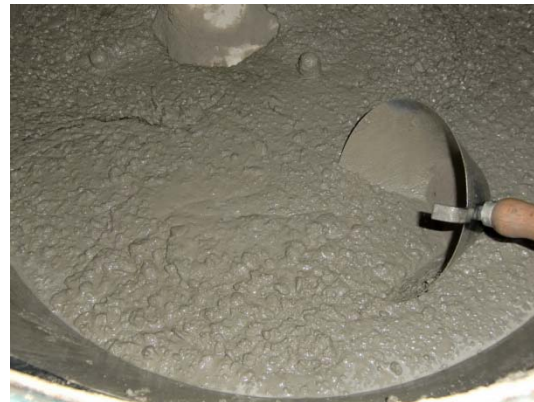
Das Betonrheometer BT2 zur Bestimmung der rheologischen Eigenschaften selbstverdichtender Betone - Möglichkeiten und Entwicklungspotential

The concrete rheometer BT2 for assessment of the rheological properties of Self-Compacting Concrete – scope and potential for development

Florian Fleischmann
Wolfgang Kusterle

- Introduction
- The Concrete Rheometer BT2
- Further development of the BT2
- Measurements with the new BT2
- Test results
- Summary

- Control of the flowability of SCC
 - Visual control; laboratory technician



- Control of the flowability of SCC
 - Single-Point Tests (V-Funnel Test, Slump Flow, etc.)



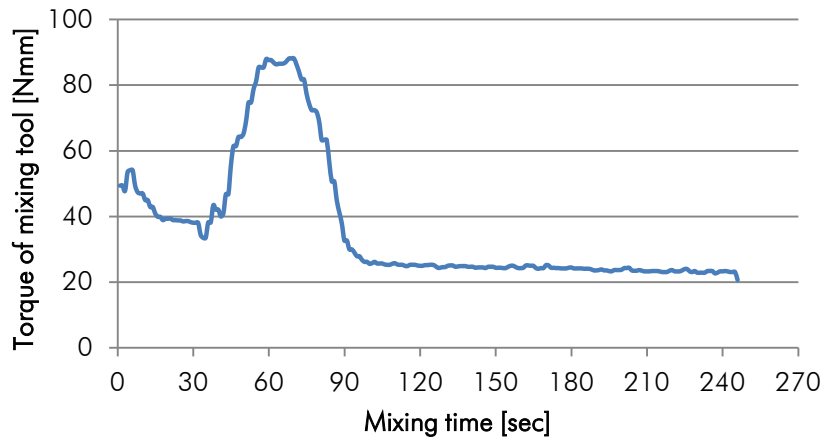
- Advantages: simple, fast, suitable for construction site
- Disadvantages: empirical, no detailed information about rheological properties

- Control of the flowability of SCC
 - Measuring required mixing energy

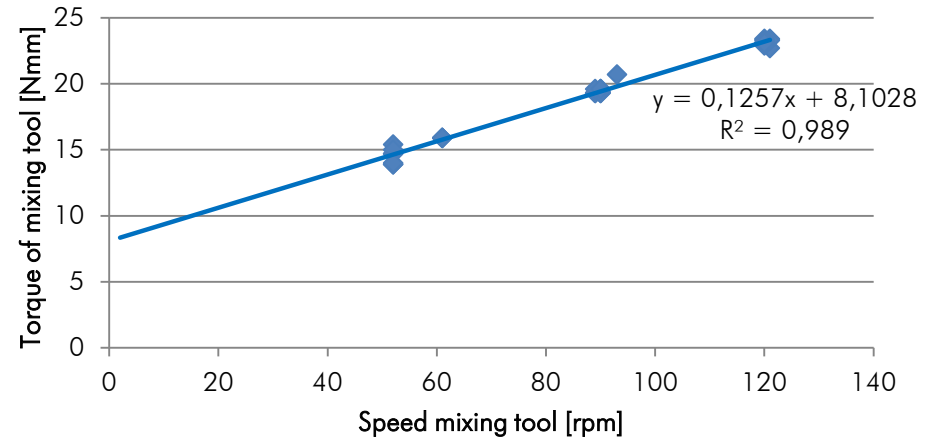


- Control of the flowability of SCC
 - Recording energy consumption of concrete mixer

Recording of the torque of the mixing tool during a whole mixing period



Utilisation of the flow curve – “Bingham”



- Control of the flowability of SCC
 - Multiple-Point Tests



Tattersall Two-Point
Rheometer



BTRHEOM

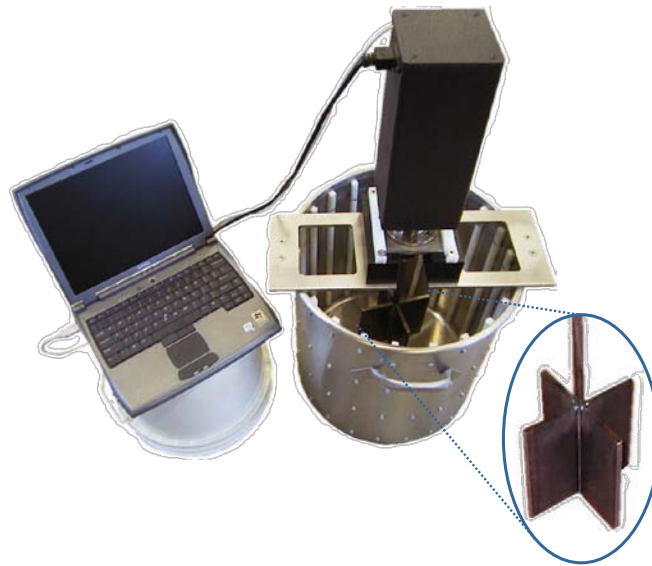
BML
Viscometer



Eric P. Koehler, W.R. Grace & Co.: Test Methods for Workability and Rheology of Fresh Concrete, ACI Fall Convention November 2009.

- Control of the flowability of SCC
 - Multiple-Point Tests
 - Advantages: Rheological properties
 - Disadvantages:
 - ⇒ permanent shearing of the specimen
 - ⇒ slipping / segregation
 - ⇒ tricky handling
 - ⇒ setting and stiffening of the concrete is affected

- Control of the flowability of SCC
 - Multiple-Point Tests

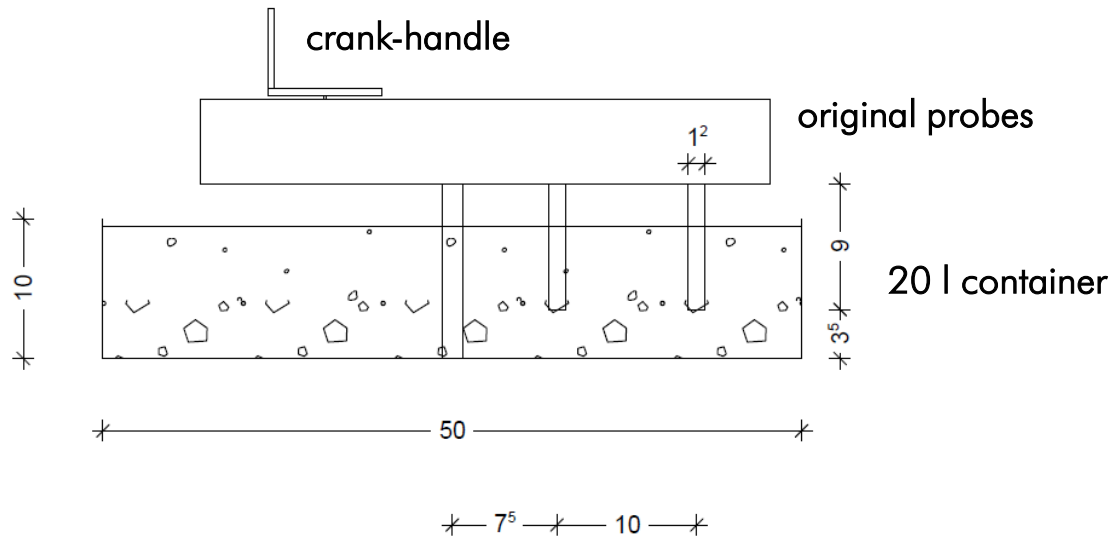


ICAR
Rheometer

Eric P. Koehler, W.R. Grace & Co.: Test Methods for Workability and Rheology of Fresh Concrete, ACI Fall Convention November 2009.

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The Concrete Rheometer BT2



- How it works
 - Two probes with different radius rotate around a centric axis
 - Measurement of the flow resistance at different load levels (different track speed)
 - Regression line \Rightarrow flow curve with relative Yield Stress and relative Plastic Viscosity

- Advantages
 - Portable
 - Short measurement
 - No problems with cylinder geometry
 - No slipping / segregation
 - Measurement in fresh, unsheared concrete (one revolution)

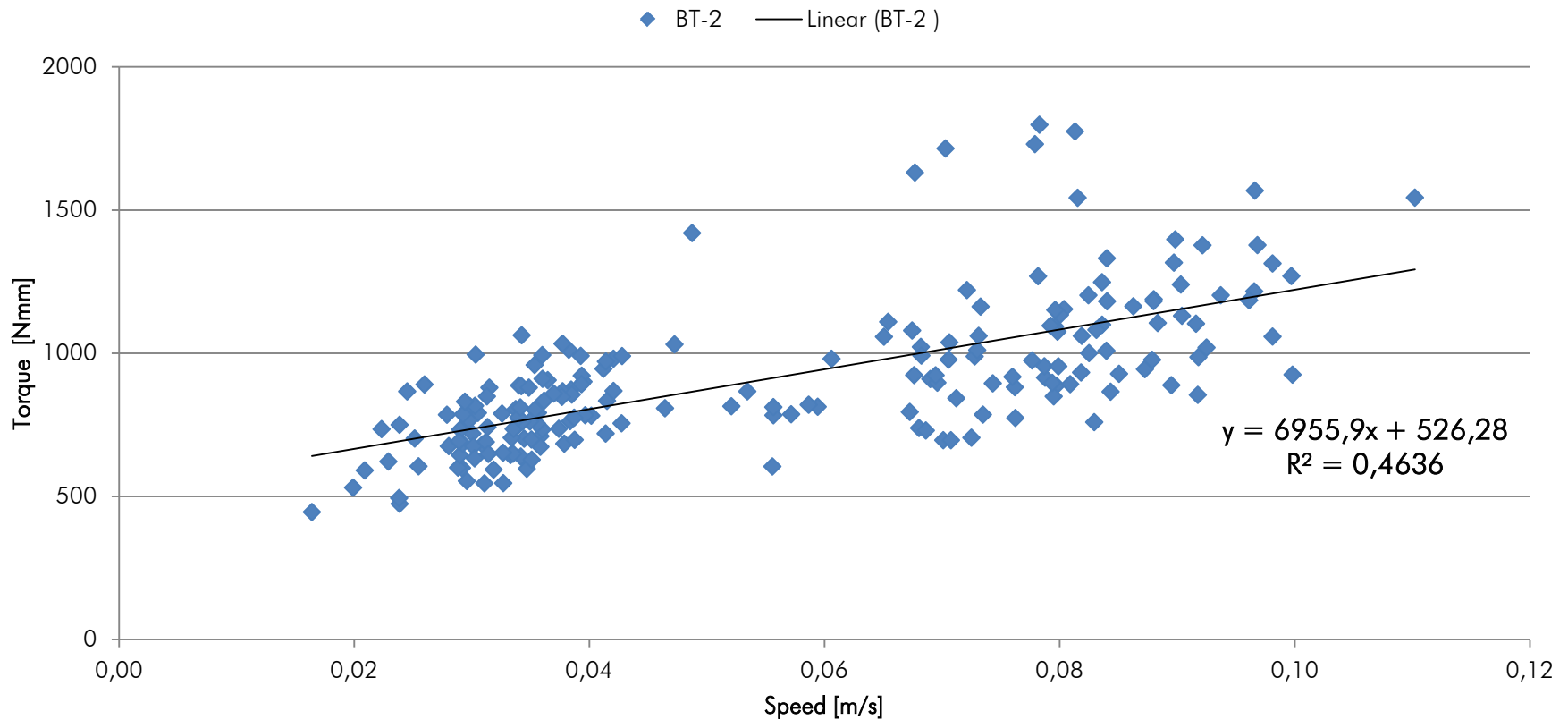
The Concrete Rheometer BT2

original BT2

- First measurements on SCC
- Results: data were not exact enough

The Concrete Rheometer BT2

BT2 - Flow curve
Example original probes (d = 12 mm)



Further development of the BT2

original BT2

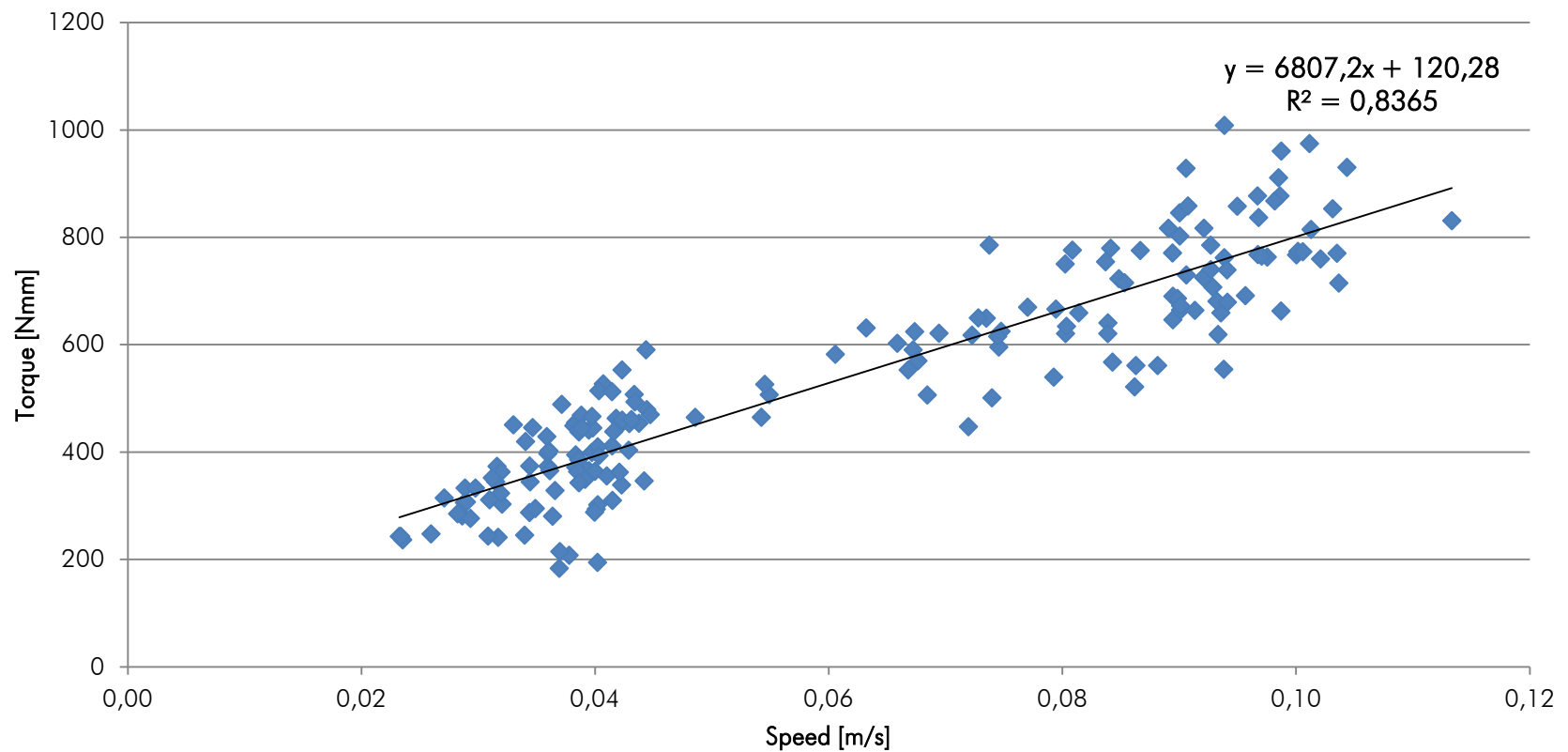
- First measurements on SCC
- Results: data were not exact enough

new probes

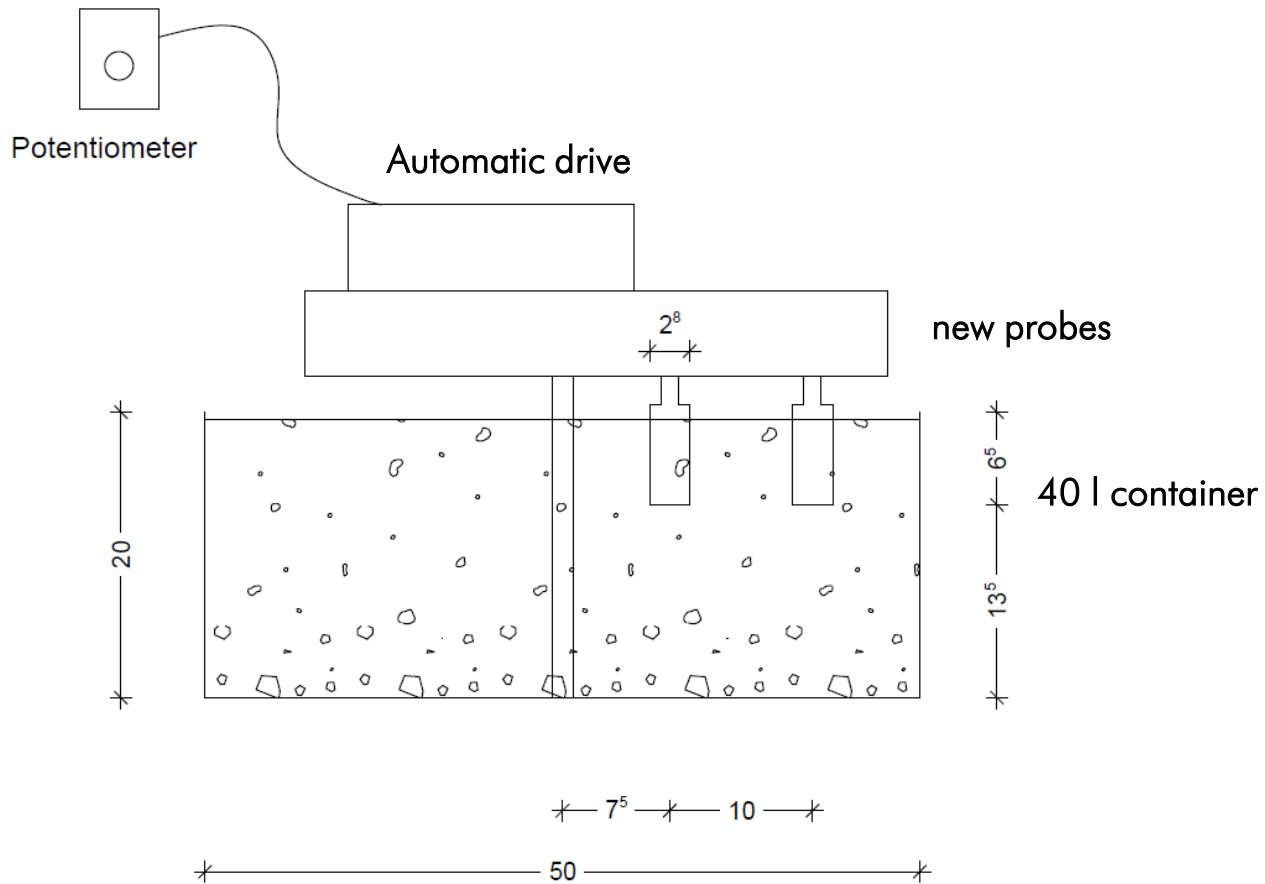
- More reliable data
- But still too inexact for very flowable SCC
- Flow curve indistinct
- Blocking by settled aggregates

Further development of the BT2

BT2 - Flow curve
Example new probes (d = 28 mm)



Further development of the BT2



Further development of the BT2

Deeper specimen
container and
automatic drive

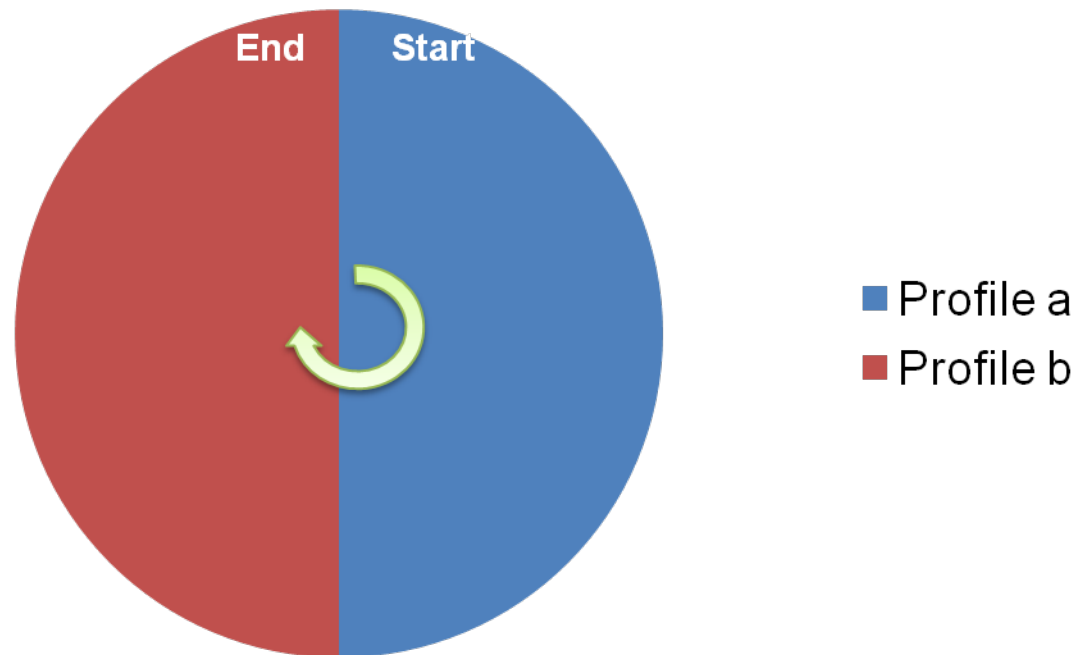
- Flow curve with yield stress, plastic viscosity and structural break down
- Stress growth test with static and dynamic yield stress
- No blocking

Software Update

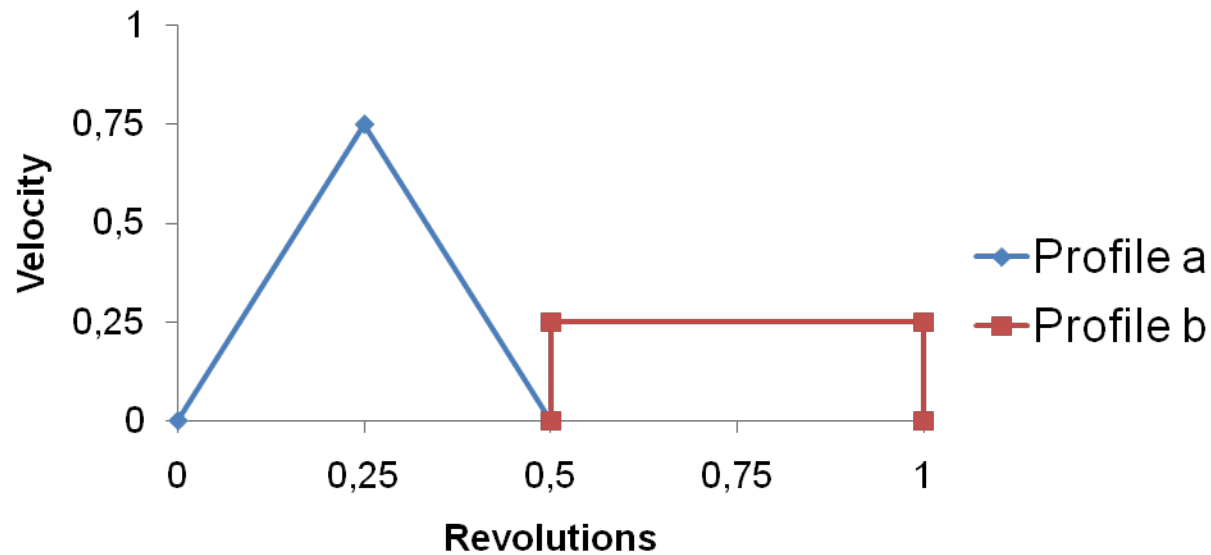
- Exact data at low shear speed

- Measuring process:

Measurement profiles



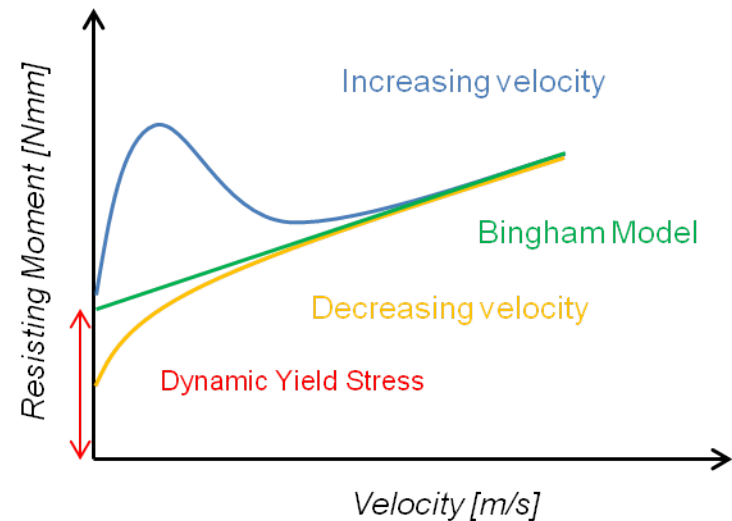
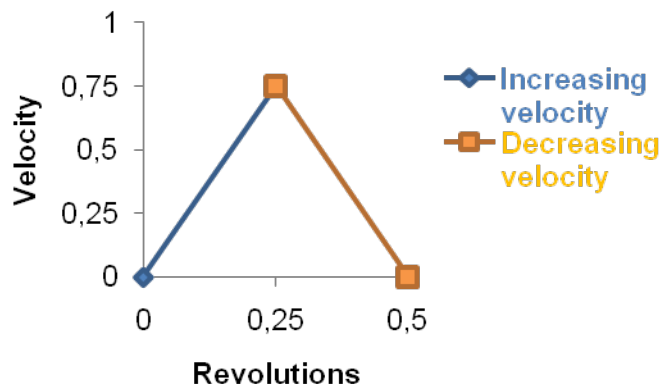
- Measurement profiles



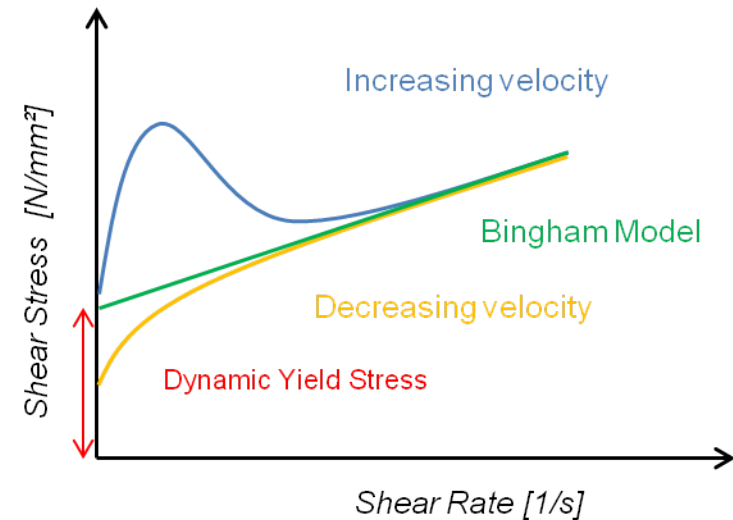
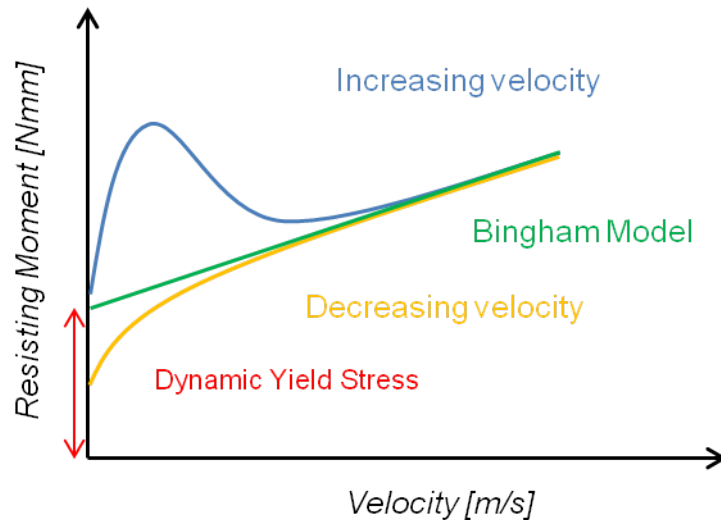
■ Measurement profiles

■ Profile a

- Setting: Speed –controlled mode with increasing and decreasing velocity
- Result: flow curve with
 - rel. yield stress
 - rel. viscosity



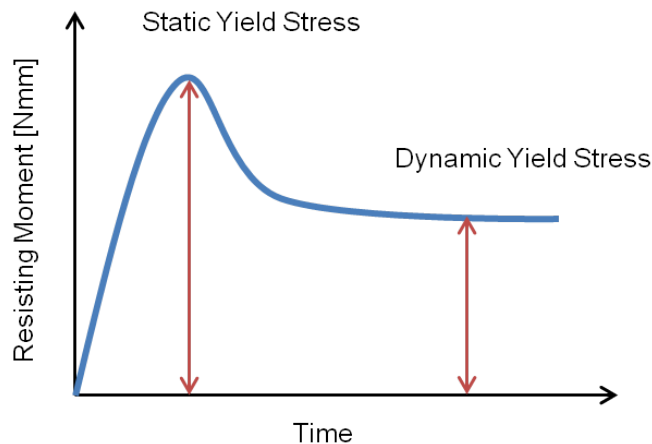
- Measurement profiles
 - Profile a



- Measurement profiles

- Profile b

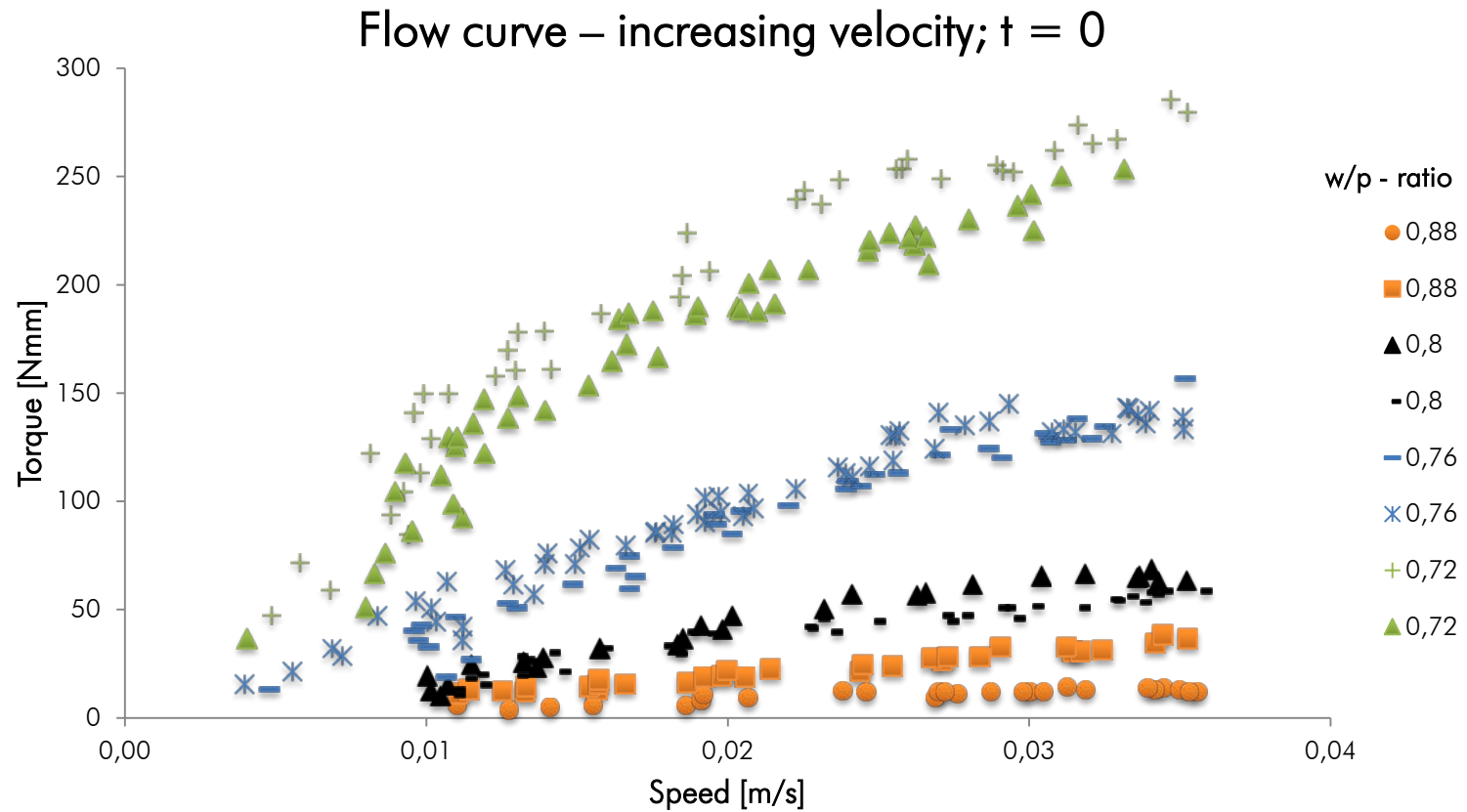
- Setting: continual low speed
 - Result: Torque vs. time; "Stress Growth Test"
 - Static Yield Stress
 - Dynamic Yield Stress



- Measurement data
 - Data are recorded by both probes
 - Both probes are evaluated separately
 - Good correlation between the probes
 - Utilisation with „Bingham-Model“
 - Only one probe necessary for getting results
 - Second Probe used for control

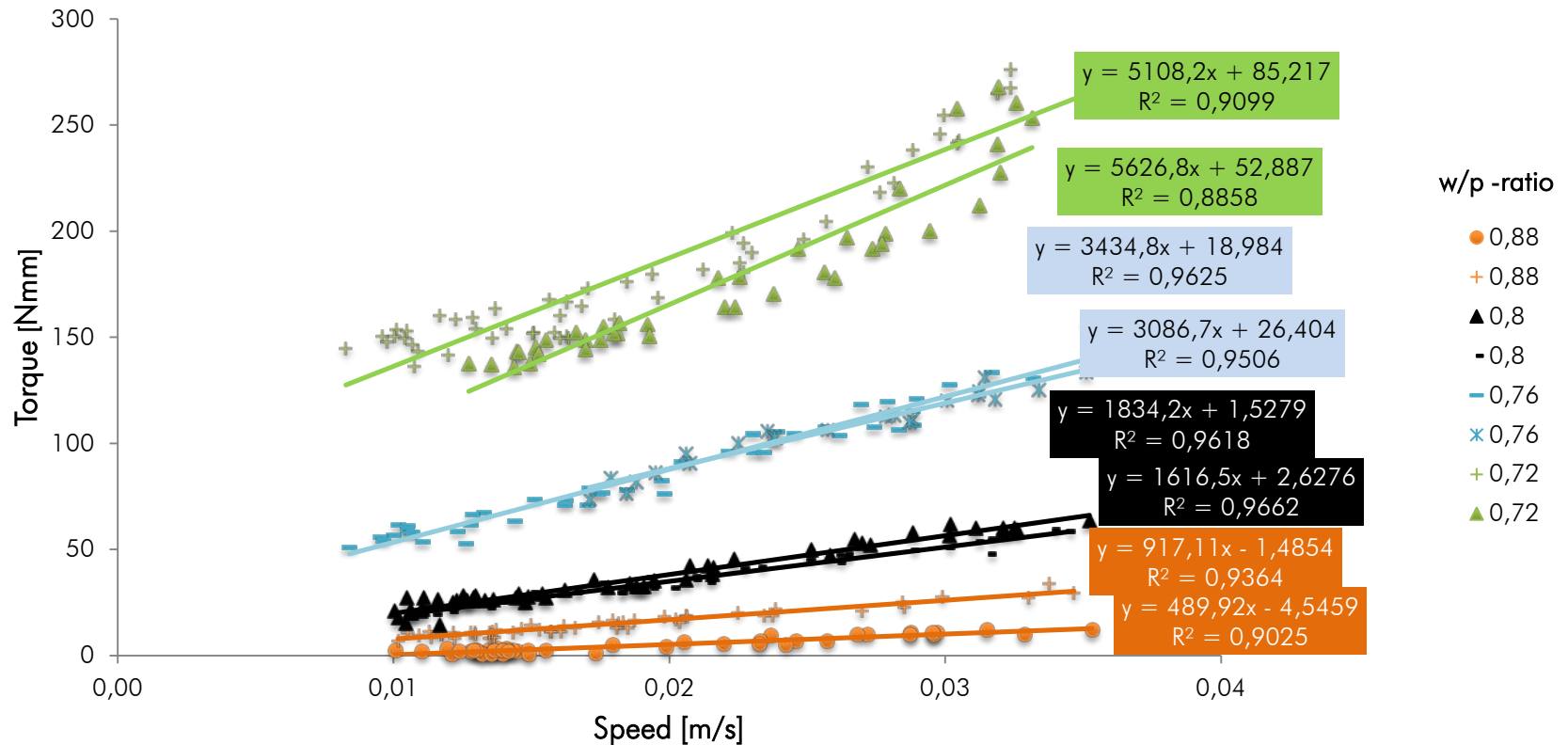
- 1. Test series:
 - Optimization of the test profiles and settings
- 2. Test series
 - Variation in water content
(SF 550 mm - 820 mm)
 - Target: Impact of different water content on the rheological properties
 - Result: BT2 delivers reliable information regarding the water content

- Profile a

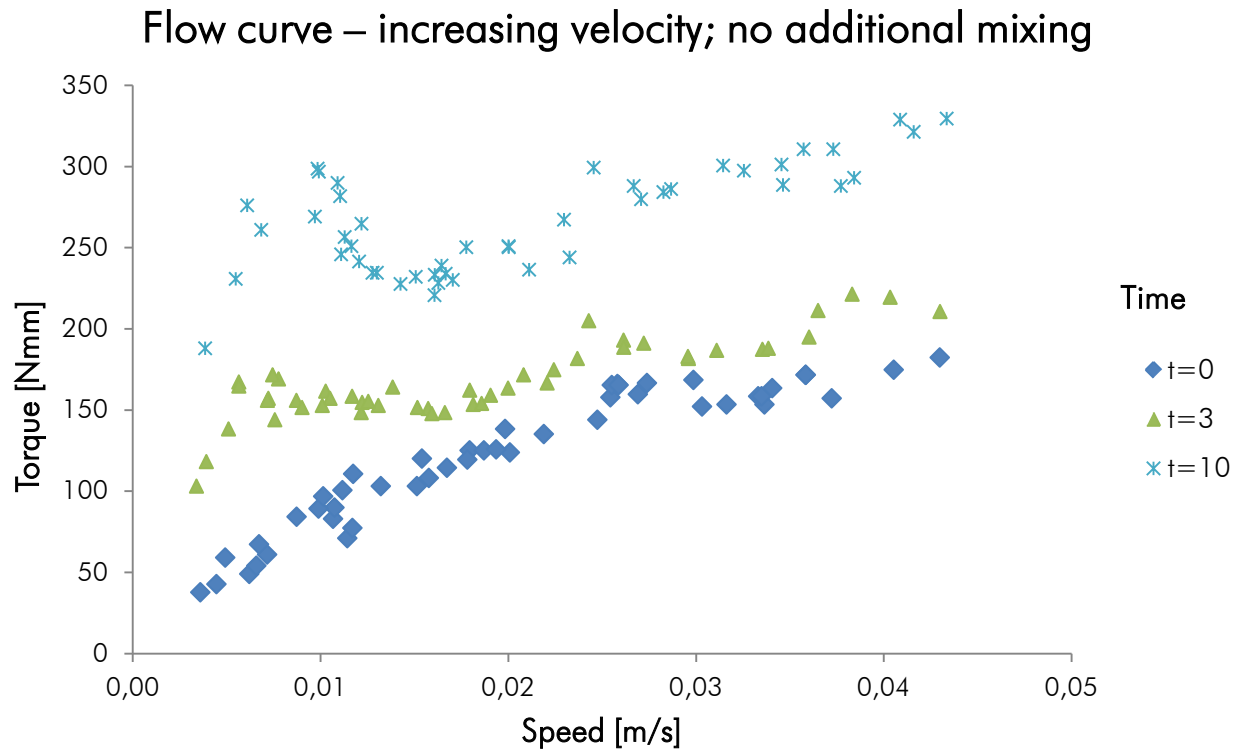


- Profile a

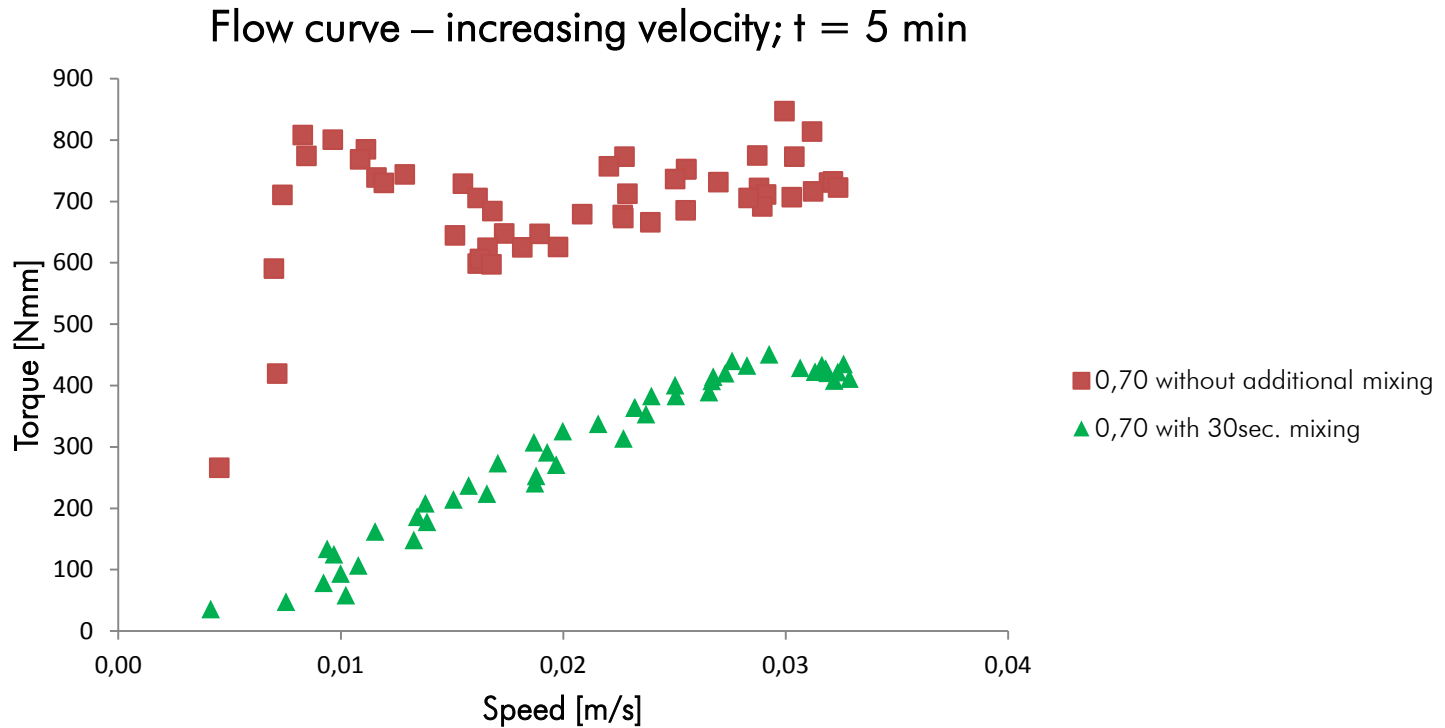
Flow curve – decreasing velocity; $t = 0$



- Profile a

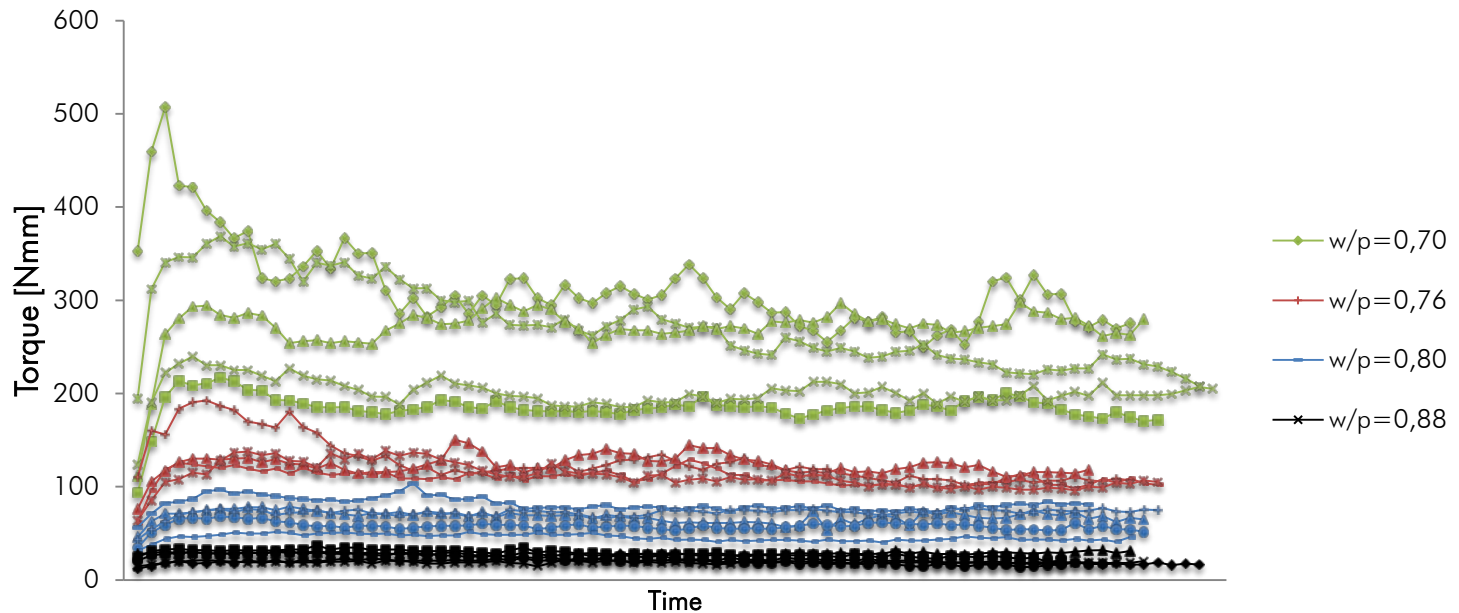


- Profile a

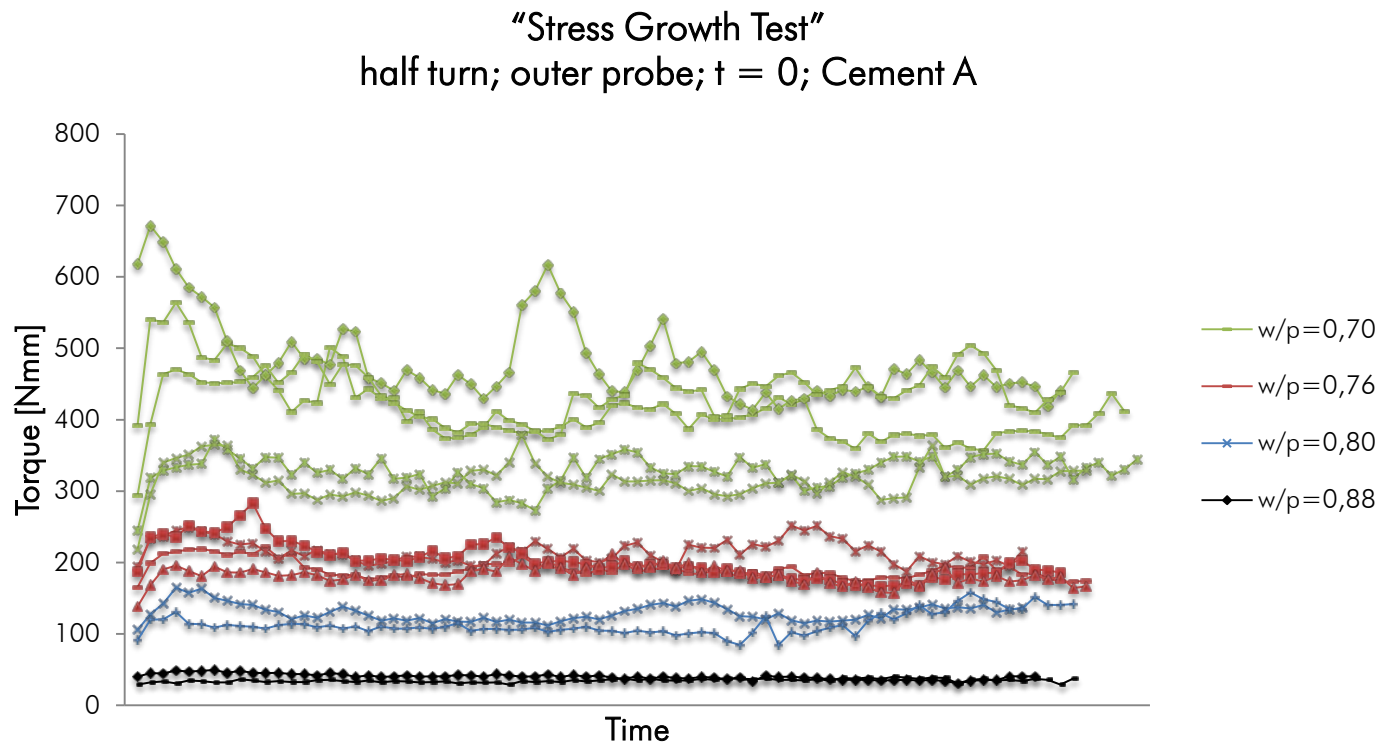


Profile b

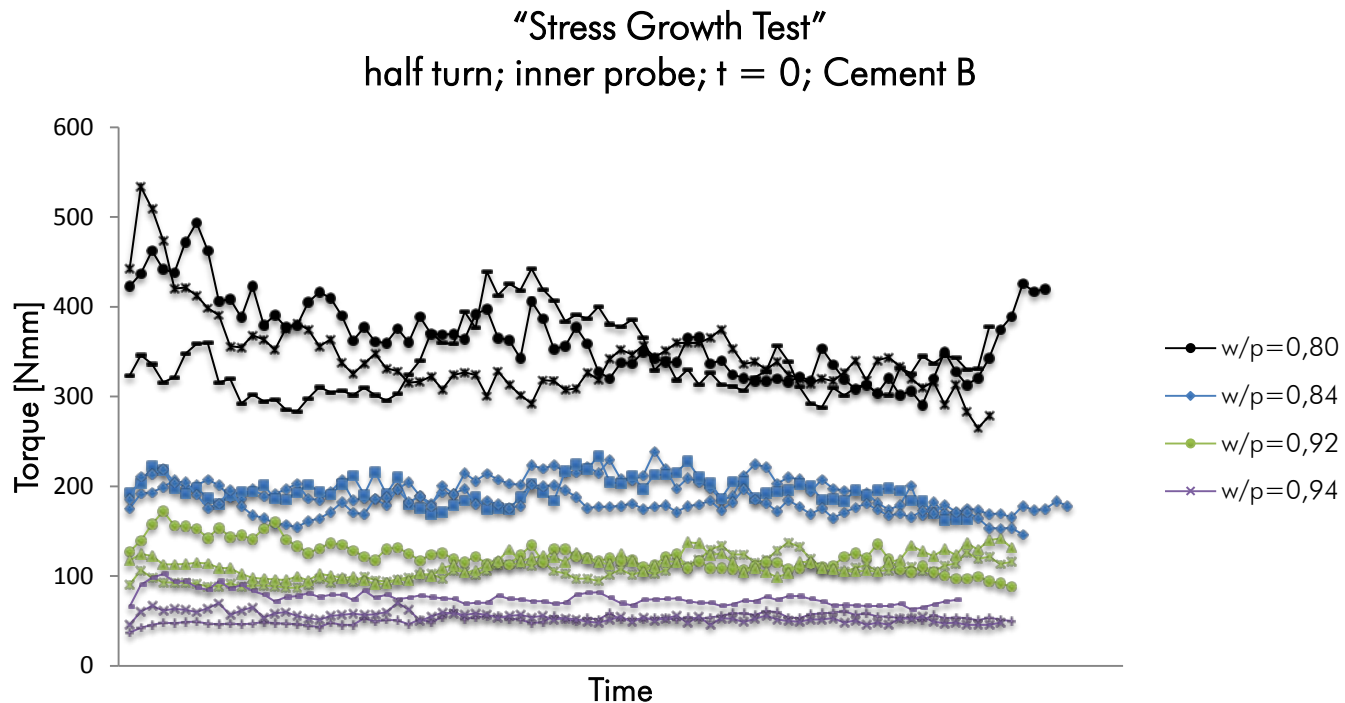
“Stress Growth Test”
half turn; inner probe; $t = 0$; Cement A



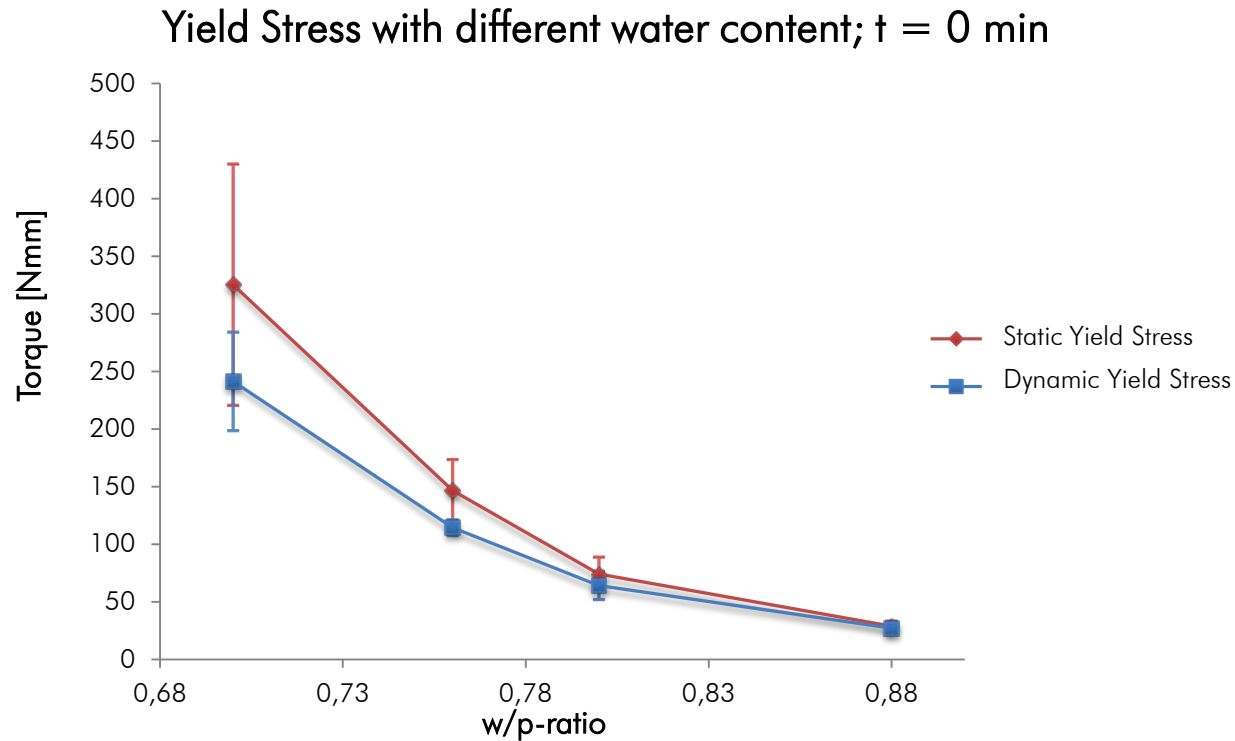
- Profile b



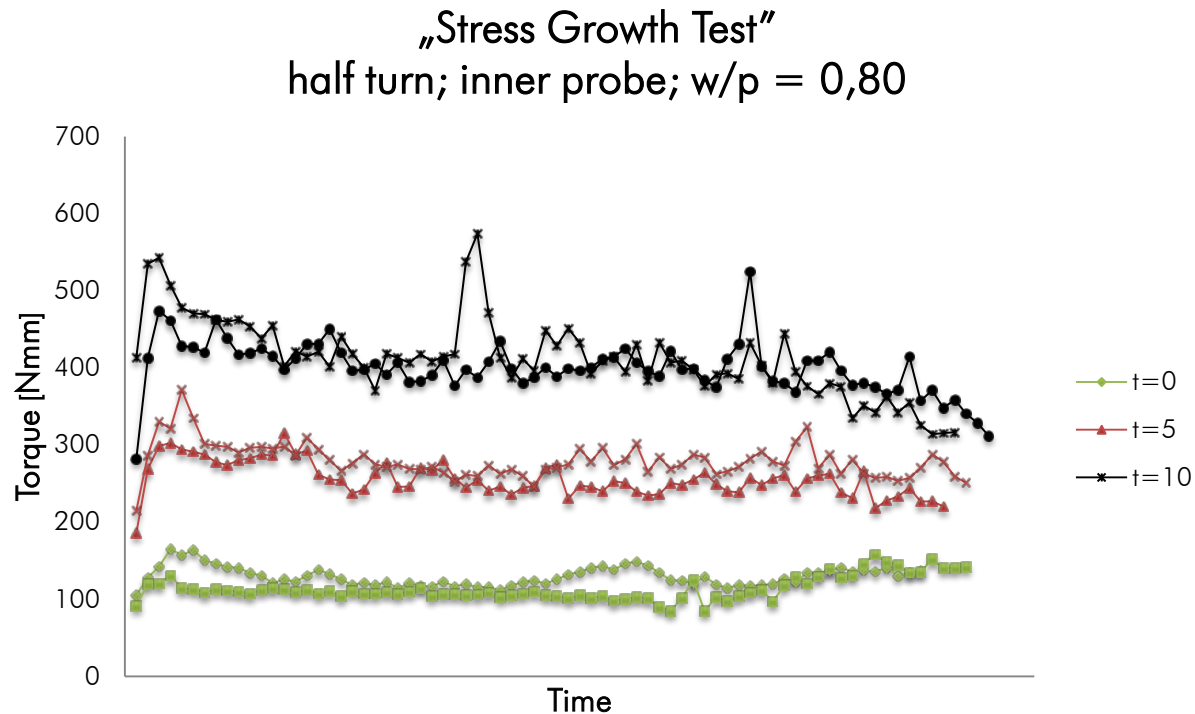
- Profile b



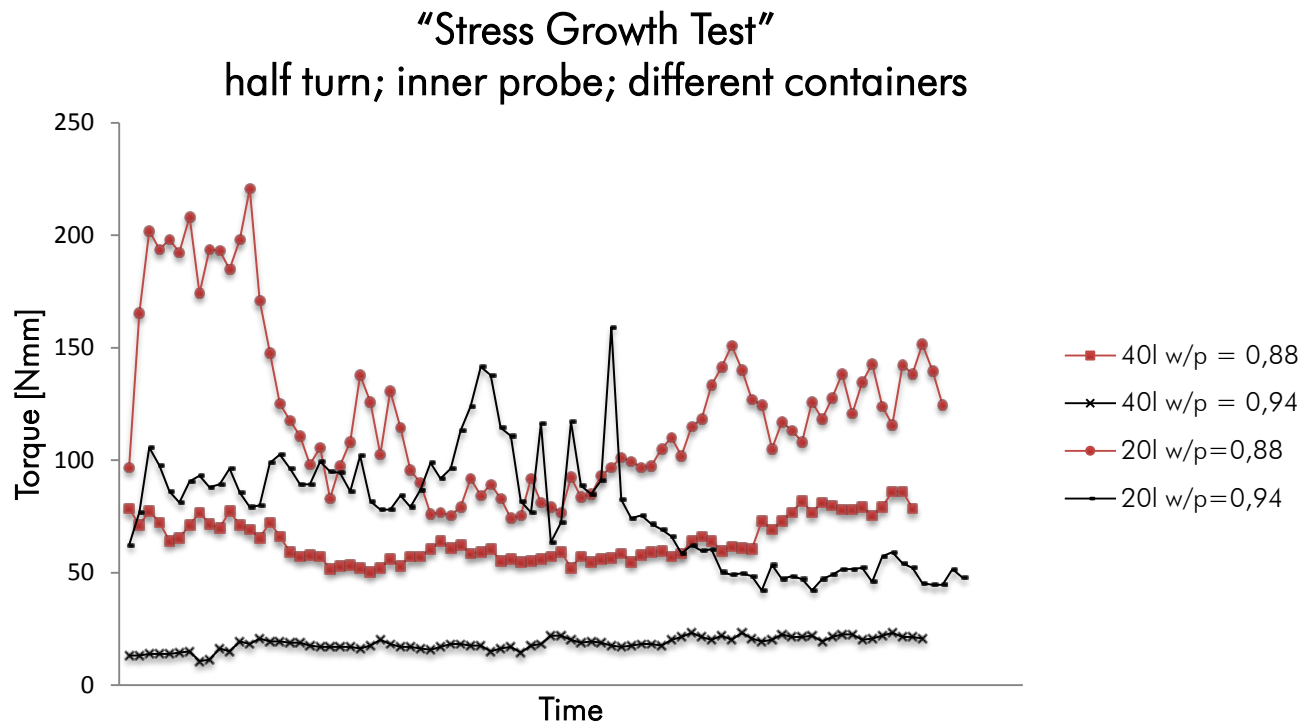
- Profile b (Mean of five measurements+ standard deviation)



- Profile b



- 20 l container vs und 40 l container



- More exact results with modified BT2
- No blocking of aggregates
- Flow curves with
 - structural build up and break down
 - relative Yield Stress and Plastic Viscosity
- Stress Growth Test (Torque vs. Time) with
 - dynamic Yield Stress
 - static Yield Stress
- Control of water content and flowability possible
- Further tests necessary

Thank you !

Bild neuer BT2

Folgt noch! Noch auf Handy